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Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.



No. 21,643 號參拾第陸陸千壹萬式第 日廿月拾月丁 HONG KONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22nd, 1927. 式拜禮 日式廿月拾年七廿百九千壹英 PRICE: 3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE. WEEKS DAYS.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon ...Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.45	5.45
Yammat ...Dep.	6.49	8.14	9.19	10.09	12.09	1.24	2.44	3.09	4.54	5.54
Shatin ...Dep.	7.01	8.26	9.31	10.21	12.21	1.36	2.56	3.21	5.06	6.06
Taipei ...Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.45	10.35	12.35	1.50	3.10	3.35	5.20	6.20
Taipei Market ...Dep.	7.29	8.54	9.59	10.49	12.49	2.04	3.24	3.49	5.34	6.34
Fanning ...Dep.	7.50	9.05	10.10	11.00	13.00	2.15	3.35	3.60	5.45	6.45
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.25	8.50	9.55	10.45	12.45	2.00	3.20	3.45	5.30	6.30
Shamshui ...Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.50	10.57	12.57	2.12	3.32	3.57	5.42	6.42
Canton ...Arr.	—	11.50	5.38	—	—	—	6.47	—	—	—

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Canton ...Dep.	7.18	8.05	10.34	11.09	11.37	2.58	4.41	5.49	6.24	6.46
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.35	8.12	10.41	—	11.44	3.05	4.48	5.56	—	6.53
Fanning ...Dep.	7.30	8.16	10.45	—	11.48	3.10	4.53	6.00	—	—
Taipei Market ...Dep.	7.40	8.26	10.55	—	12.05	3.25	5.07	6.15	—	—
Taipei ...Dep.	7.44	8.31	11.00	—	12.09	3.29	5.12	6.20	—	—
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.57	8.44	11.13	—	12.19	3.39	5.20	6.28	—	—
Yammat ...Dep.	8.11	8.58	11.25	—	12.31	3.51	5.32	6.40	—	—
Kowloon ...Arr.	8.17	9.03	11.31	11.49	12.37	3.57	5.38	6.46	7.04	7.29

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon ...Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.10	10.00	12.00	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.45	5.45
Yammat ...Dep.	6.49	8.14	9.19	10.09	12.09	1.24	2.44	3.09	4.54	5.54
Shatin ...Dep.	7.01	8.26	9.31	10.21	12.21	1.36	2.56	3.21	5.06	6.06
Taipei ...Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.45	10.35	12.35	1.50	3.10	3.35	5.20	6.20
Taipei Market ...Dep.	7.29	8.54	9.59	10.49	12.49	2.04	3.24	3.49	5.34	6.34
Fanning ...Dep.	7.50	9.05	10.10	11.00	13.00	2.15	3.35	3.60	5.45	6.45
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.25	8.50	9.55	10.45	12.45	2.00	3.20	3.45	5.30	6.30
Shamshui ...Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.50	10.57	12.57	2.12	3.32	3.57	5.42	6.42
Canton ...Arr.	—	11.50	5.38	—	—	—	6.47	—	—	—

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Canton ...Dep.	7.18	8.05	10.34	11.09	11.37	2.58	4.41	5.49	6.24	6.46
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.35	8.12	10.41	—	11.44	3.05	4.48	5.56	—	6.53
Fanning ...Dep.	7.30	8.16	10.45	—	11.48	3.10	4.53	6.00	—	—
Taipei Market ...Dep.	7.40	8.26	10.55	—	12.05	3.25	5.07	6.15	—	—
Taipei ...Dep.	7.44	8.31	11.00	—	12.09	3.29	5.12	6.20	—	—
Shamshui ...Dep.	7.57	8.44	11.13	—	12.19	3.39	5.20	6.28	—	—
Yammat ...Dep.	8.11	8.58	11.25	—	12.31	3.51	5.32	6.40	—	—
Kowloon ...Arr.	8.17	9.03	11.31	11.49	12.37	3.57	5.38	6.46	7.04	7.29

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HOW TO END WAR.

"A CONTINENTAL POLICY WORKED THROUGH
LEAGUE OF NATIONS."

[BY THE RT. HON. RAMSAY MACDONALD, M.P.]

It is hammering out a policy which will secure peace it is essential that we should not approach it in a mid-Victorian or even a pre-war frame of mind. The last war showed the devouring appetite of the beast. It swallows up everything—reason and honour alike. It is like a raging forest fire. The flames leap over the widest isolating avenues. It killed for ever the idea that safety consists in isolation. There can be no isolation. The old haunted phrase "splendid isolation" has now no meaning, but splendid folly. Another thing that has gone is that by the propaganda of a variety of voluntary societies and the efforts of individuals, Governments which would either make or join in wars can be deterred from doing so. One might as well throw a piece of paper into the fire and expect it to obstruct the raging flames as trust, after our experience of the war and of the years that have followed it, that by these means peace will be secured. The propaganda is necessary for public opinion in favour of peace, so that responsible men may be compelled to devise the kind of agreement that will end war.

Trade Union Boycotts.
We hear a good deal about another means of preventing war—the trade union boycott. This, it has been alleged, was successful a few years ago, when it looked as though a new expedition against Russia was being equipped by our Government. Undoubtedly this is the most effective way by which a voluntary body of citizens can counteract an objectionable decision of a Government. But we should be very short-sighted indeed if we thought that the success of trade union action a few years ago could be repeated again and again—either under the somewhat specially favourable conditions in which it then operated, or under the much more critical and less favourable conditions of a war in which the country itself was seriously involved. Action of this kind would, though nominally industrial, be really political, and would be at once met by the full organised moral and physical force of the State. It is the kind of proposal that acts like strong drink on weak Communist heads, but about which there is a growing sanity of thinking amongst trade unionists themselves. Whilst all these proposals and activities are useful because they keep the reality of war before our people and rouse that enmity to it in ways that appeal to different kinds of human nature, it is perfectly obvious that we cannot trust to them to keep us out of war. It is the duty of the pacifist to face the facts regarding the origins and psychology of war and to discover a way leading to definite solutions which other nations will be prepared to take with him. We must begin by taking it for granted that we are not part of the Continent of Europe—indeed, of the world, but more immediately of Europe—and that we must take a place round its Council Boards and discuss with it the obstacles which lie between it and peace, and the safeguards and assurances it would require to join in the outlawry of war.

**MISSION WORK AMONG
ABORIGINES.
WRONG AND IMPERTINENT.
AN AMERICAN'S VIEW.**

Dr. Warner, of the Rockefeller Foundation, whose services have been lent to the Australian National Research Council, and who has been engaged on the study of aborigines in Queensland said his work was an attempt to get a racial classification of Australian aborigines and also an attempt to secure the underlying basis of native civilisation. He had measured several hundred aborigines on the mainland and neighbouring islands, and the rest of the time was spent in the study of language and the native social life. Although the mentality of the aborigines was equal to that of white peoples, their civilisation went back to the stone age. It was

That is certain, the Socialist view. We are international at the same time as we are national. I have never taken the view that nothing matters except economics, but I do take the view that nationality may be an exceedingly dangerous thing if it gets up on its hind legs and regards every other nationality as an alien, occupying a camp all on its own, and devising out of its own head a world policy to meet its own special interests. A lot of Englishmen believe in that doctrine on paper, but think it does not apply to them. That is one of the fundamental reasons why for the last three years we have done so badly at Geneva.

The Feeling Of Security.
Security, against war depends solely upon the nations feeling comfortable in their minds that the grievances for which they need to be prepared to fight may be settled equitably by other means, and that a judicial decision of an international character is enforceable like one of a national character.

War will end only when security is established in the minds of the nations, and it is our duty to join in guaranteeing that security. We belong to the Continent; we have to work with it on the assumption that we have to be with it a fraternity of peace.

The most futile of the objections taken to our pursuing a Continental policy of peace is that by doing so we shall get mixed up in every little European quarrel. We shall not. No instrument that has ever been considered to prevent this kind of peace has ever involved us in quarrels in which we should not be involved in any event by reason of the existence of the League of Nations.

The really fundamental point is: If we are guided by the view that every pledge we take to resist an aggressive State is only undertaken at a war risk, we shall never face the problems of war and overcome them. It is this kind of thought that will doom this generation to fruitless peace efforts and the next to more tragically fruitless war efforts.

If pledges to help to thwart an aggressor State are given, States will think twice before they begin the game. Then, if their grievances are trumped up, they will not create them; if they are genuine, they will bring them into Court. Thus, the guarantee given to help the victim by creating new ways for settling disputes and teaching nations new habits of mind will, by increasing theoretical and paper risks of war, actually obliterate all actual risks. I am not interested in paper risks; I am interested in actual risks.

And so, as I consider that who ever makes a practical contribution to the ending of war as an incident in diplomacy is doing work of immeasurable value to mankind and its good causes, I believe that the Labour Party must think in both national and international terms and must frame its peace policy from a close study, not of morals in the abstract, but of the realities of difficulty to be found to-day in European conditions. Only a Continental policy worked through the League of Nations will end war.

that fact which put them behind the whites. Another conclusion which Dr. Warner reached was that the moment white civilisation touched the black it meant the destruction of the black, chiefly because his civilisation was so well balanced and so carefully worked out that even to touch one cog in it meant that it would fall to pieces. He found that where the blacks had never been touched by white civilisation they were still going about completely nude, or wearing only a loin cloth. He found the natives loyal and honest, and if treated correctly, they were all right. It was a great mistake, added Dr. Warner, to have missions in areas where blacks had not been touched by white civilisation. Natives were living the lives they had lived for the last 20,000 years, and he thought it wrong and impertinent to send missionaries there. Where white civilisation had entered, and the natives no longer looked for tribal life, he thought it was a good thing to have missions.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.
Interport Cricket: Shanghai v. Hong Kong, H.K.C.C. ground (3rd day).
Cricket: Malaya v. United Services, H.K.C.C. ground.
Yachting, Ladies' 1st Championship Race.
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.; Cafe Regent, 4.30-6.30 p.m.; Tennis: Vincent Richards v. C.R.C., 3 p.m.
Garrison Football League: D. Coy., K.O.S.B. v. R.A.L.C.; A. Coy., K.O.S.B. v. 31st H. Bty. R.A., Sookunpoo, 4.15 p.m.
Hockey: Club 2nd XI v. Tamar R.N.O.S.C., King's Park, 6 p.m.
Practice Dance for St. Andrew's Ball, City Hall, 5.30-7 p.m.
After Dinner Dance, at Lee Gardens.

Cafe Regent dinner dance, 8 p.m.
H.K. Amateur Dramatic Club present "Buildog Drummond," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "What Price Glory."

World Theatre: "The Night Club" (5.15 p.m. and 9.20 p.m.); Chinese Drama, "Mother's Heart" (2.30 p.m. and 7.15 p.m.).

Star Theatre: "New Brooms."
Principal Mail: Inward: U.S.A., Canada, etc. (Empress of Canada, Shingo Maru and President Cleveland). Outward: Europe via Marseilles, etc. (Sphinx), 12.30 p.m.; Canada, America, etc. Europe via San Francisco and via Siberia (President Lincoln), 4.30 p.m.

Wednesday.
Slight Snow (Hiaohueh).
Accession of Queen of the Netherlands, 1890.

Interport Cricket: Shanghai v. Malaya, H.K.C.C. ground (first day).
Fanning Hunt meet Hunters' Arms, 2.30 p.m.

Laying of Foundation Stones of New Wesleyan Sailors' and Spiders' Home, Praya East, by H.E. the Officer Administering the Government (the Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern, C.M.G.), H.E. the G.O.C. (Major-General C.C. Luard, C.B., C.M.G.), and Commodore J. L. Pearson, C.M.G., R.N., 3 p.m.

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.; Cafe Regent, 4.30-6.30 p.m.

Football: 2nd Interport Trial, game H.K.F.C. ground, 4.30 p.m.
Hockey: Club 1st XI v. K.O.S.B., U.S.R.C., 5 p.m.

Cafe Regent dinner dance, 8 p.m.
C.E.M.S. Social, St. John's Cathedral Hall.

H.K. Amateur Dramatic Club present "Buildog Drummond," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "What Price Glory."

World Theatre: "The Night Club" (5.15 p.m. and 9.20 p.m.); Chinese Drama, "Mother's Heart" (2.30 p.m. and 7.15 p.m.).

Star Theatre: "New Brooms."
Principal Mail: Outward: Australia, New Zealand, etc. (Mishima Maru), 9.30 a.m.; Canada, America, etc. Europe via Victoria and via Siberia (President Grant), 5 p.m.

Thursday.
Interport Cricket: Shanghai v. Malaya, H.K.C.C. ground (second day).
Garrison Football League: H.A.O.C. v. H.Q. 2nd K.O.S.B.; H.Q. 1st K.O.S.B. v. R.A., Sookunpoo, 4.15 p.m.

Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Hotel Savoy, 4.30 p.m.; Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 4.30-6.30 p.m.; Cafe Regent, 4.30-6.30 p.m.; Musical Helena May Institute ("Romantic Music"), 5.30 p.m.

Steel and Coulson's Billiard League: D.R.C. v. Queen's; Warders v. Police.
After dinner dance, at Lee Gardens.

Cafe Regent dinner dance, 8 p.m.
H.K. Amateur Dramatic Club present "Buildog Drummond," Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "What Price Glory."

World Theatre: "The Man on the Box."
Star Theatre: "Wages for Wives."

Principal Mail: Outward: Canada, America, etc. and Europe via Victoria (Cathay), 10.30 a.m.

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A TOUR IN SEARCH OF LEPERS.

FROM CAIRO TO THE CAPE.

Mr. Frank O'Brien, Secretary of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association, has recently completed a journey through Africa undertaken to investigate conditions with respect to leprosy for the Association. He sends to the "Times" the following account of his travels.

I have just finished a long trip from Cairo to Cape Town looking for lepers. Starting from Cairo my wife and I travelled to Khartum, then by the Nile through the Sudan to Uganda, in which Protectorate we motored about 1,000 miles. Then on to Kenya, and right through that wonderful country to the coast, where we took steamer to Zanzibar. Thence we went via Dar-es-Salaam and Beira to Nyasaland. After that we visited Northern Rhodesia and Southern Rhodesia, and we had a long tour through South Africa, visiting all the leper institutions in the Union. The journey took seven months and we travelled in Africa and along the coast, 2,874 miles by steamer, 3,630 miles by motor-car, and 9,240 miles by rail; 15,744 miles in all.

We found lepers wherever we went, that is to say in every British territory in East and Central Africa they are to be found in varying numbers. I estimate the total number of lepers in British Colonies and Protectorates in East and Central Africa at about 60,000. Great Britain is entirely responsible for these poor sick sufferers. All classes in the community are afflicted with the disease, a well-to-do chief in Uganda going regularly for treatment to a doctor, and the Governor of Nyasaland told me about a chief whom he knew well who has been a leper for many years.

The majority of the lepers, however, are found among the villagers, and it is often difficult to reach those living in far-away places. Leprosy, of course, spreads most rapidly where sanitary and ordinary health conditions are not good, but these matters are being attended to by the health authorities, and the general health of the community will tend to improve as time passes. At present, in many parts the natives do not realize that anything can be done to help the lepers, but information can be spread in various ways, and in Kenya, for instance, the Director of Education is planning to give some information on the leprosy question to the school children, and in this way it is hoped to reach the lepers in the homes.

Great interest was displayed wherever we went in the object of our visit. We were received by Sir David Chama, the Kaduha (King) of Buganda, who expressed his warm sympathy with the work we were doing, and I was glad to have the opportunity of addressing the Native Parliament in Kampala, when the Prime Minister presided. All present promised to do what they could to help the lepers in their own country. When we were in Zanzibar I was received by His Highness the Sultan, who was keenly interested in what I was able to tell him of the hopes of ridding Zanzibar and Pemba of this dread disease. The Governors of all the territories showed us the greatest courtesy and the Governments did everything they could to make our tour a success. Wherever we went we carried a message of hope, for a new situation has arisen in dealing with leprosy to-day.

A Message of Hope.

"Doomed to a Lepers Asylum" is what a leper woman wrote some time ago, but not so much stress is being laid on segregation now as it was some years ago. Indeed, compulsory segregation does little good, as it invariably results in the early cases of leprosy hiding themselves for fear of being sent away to an institution. The medical authorities in South Africa are to be warmly complimented on the action that they have taken during the last five years in releasing many of the old people who have been in the institutions in South Africa for years, and whom the doctors have now pronounced to be non-infective. Within four years nearly 1,000 of these cases have been released, and this action has resulted in a number of lepers voluntarily coming forward for treatment. Segregation on a large scale was undertaken by the Germans in Tanganyika, but, beyond placing some 3,500 lepers in more than 40 camps, little was done for them either in the way of proper food supplies or medical attention.

The message we have delivered wherever we have been is that there is now hope of recovery for the early cases if they will take the latest treatments. These injection treatments are being used with success in many parts of East Africa, but so far only about 5,600 lepers are being cared for out of the 60,000 who need help. Excellent work is being done, especially by missionary doctors, in some of the places we visited. The most pressing need is for the establishment of treatment centres, where lepers will voluntarily settle for a time.

(Continued on next column.)

BUSINESS DURING PAST FOURTEEN DAYS.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE REPORT.

MORE ENQUIRY FOR PIECE GOODS BUT FEW SALES.

The fortnightly price current and market report, issued by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce and dated November 19th, says that there have been more enquiries for cotton piece goods but the difference between Home-made prices and local ideas is so wide that no sales are reported. The fall in cotton values expected after the Cotton Yarn Association withdrew all restrictions has not yet materialized; in fact cotton has since been quoted on a higher basis.

Only a small business has been done in cotton yarn at a reduction of \$10/19 per bale from the highest point touched. Market generally is proving very quiet.

The woollen market is dull. There has been some enquiry for Union Coatings for quick shipment but bookings have been poor.

In all other lines the report is the same—business dull.

EX-KAISER AND STAGE.

CHARACTER IN A PLAY.

THREATENED LAWSUIT.

BERLIN, Oct. 21st.

If both parties to the dispute hold their ground the question whether the ex-Kaiser may be impersonated on the stage against his wish will shortly come before the courts here. Piscator's Theatre, which is "revolutionary" both in its aims and its methods, is at present preparing Count Alexei Tolstoy's play, "Rasputin," produced with so much success in Russia, and, in order to make a more direct appeal to the German public the work has been "extended" so as to embrace Wilhelm II. and the Emperor Franz Josef, as well as the Tsar.

The ex-Kaiser's lawyer has now written Piscator a long letter, in which he says:

"I hereby raise an emphatic protest against the representation of a person on the stage constitutes a 'portrait' for it is the object of reproducing the person represented, as far as possible, in real living appearance so that the public may gain the impression from characteristic features that it is seeing the actual person represented. Under Clause 3, Section 1, enforced protection of the portrait is given if circulation and exhibition would impair a legitimate interest of the person represented. This undoubtedly holds good in the present case. In the name of the formerly ruling Emperor and King, I accordingly call upon you to abandon the representation of him in the announced piece and be kind enough to confirm to me that you have decided in our claim. Should, contrary to our expectation, refuse to do so I shall, to my regret, be compelled to seek the protection of the courts."

It is stated in the Press that Piscator will refuse to give way and will fight the case. Such centres already exist in the Southern Sudan, in Uganda, in Kenya, in Tanganyika, in Zanzibar, and, most of all, in Nyasaland. Good work is also being done in Rhodesia. Government medical officers are keenly alive to the importance of this situation and if funds are available for Government and missionary work there is no reason why many thousands more lepers should not be treated within the next year or two.

During our tour we saw many wonders of Nature, but the most lasting impression is of sad marked faces, of broken and bent bodies, of hoarse and sorrowful voices, and these we saw and heard wherever we went. Especially does one remember the child lepers. I know what the Prince of Wales meant when he told me after visiting the big leper institution in Basutoland, "I shall never forget the marked faces of the boys and girls." His Royal Highness, who is the patron of our British Empire Leprosy Relief Association, felt when he saw those children what all feel who see them—that if anything can be done to help them to recover, and any plans can be made to eradicate the disease, it ought to be undertaken at once. I have no doubt whatever that if the right steps are taken, as I believe they will be as a result of our tour, leprosy can be eradicated from all parts of British East and Central Africa. But a large sum of money will be required if this splendid object is to be achieved.

PAINTS WHILE IN "SEMI-TRACE."

GERMAN'S 200 WORKS DONE BY IMPULSE.

NO INSTRUCTION.

More than 200 "occult" paintings by a German artist are being exhibited at the Alpine Club Gallery.

Fifteen months ago Heinrich Nusslein, who is a wealthy Bavarian land owner, was content to be a connoisseur and collector. But suddenly and accidentally he discovered that, despite a complete ignorance of the technique of painting and without having ever had any lessons, he could paint! Moreover, he could paint with extreme rapidity.

These paintings, it is stated, were done while the artist was in a state of "semi-trance." Ten minutes to half an hour sufficed him to complete any one of them. And, within the past fifteen months he has painted some 1,800!

This is the first exhibition of his work to be held, for none of his pictures have been shown publicly in Germany. The Westminster Gazette was informed that the proceeds from the sale of pictures will be given to charity.

The artist, according to his representative in London, does not claim either that his pictures are masterpieces of art, or "spirit" paintings. The catalogue, it is true, declares that the "paints from occult memory, clairvoyant vision, or spiritual contact with the living and dead," but Herr Nusslein himself, apparently, simply does not know what is the source of his inspiration, or how it all happens.

All he knows is that at any hour of the day or night he may have a strong impulse to paint, whereupon he paints.

It is not likely that the art critics will discover in the exhibition evidence of strikingly original genius. The spiritualist may see various evidences of influence at work from "the other side." The sceptic's conclusion will be that an ardent picture lover has unconsciously reproduced a medley of the impressions that have been made upon him, at one time as another, by the art treasures he has seen.

Nusslein's touch is certainly rigorous and his colour sense is florid. Also his scope is comprehensive, including, as it does, portraits, landscapes, still life, and figure compositions.

Though titles have been supplied to the pictures, these are not to be taken too literally. The artist paints, he is not concerned with the result of his painting. He paints because he must, and not because a specific subject appeals to him.

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HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

November 21st, 1927.	
R.K. Bank	1,120/32 1/2
Do., London	2120 nom.
Chartered Bank	2204 buy.
Mercantile Bank, A. & B.	2204 nom.
Do., O.	2133 nom.
P. & O. Bank	210 nom.
East Asia Bank	203 nom.
Canton Insurance	2540 buy.
Union Insurance	2292 nom.
North China Ins.	143 nom.
Yangtze Insurance	2484 buy.
China Underwriters	5120 nom.
China Fire Insurance	2315 nom.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	2500 buy.
Douglas	334 buy.
Steamboats	230 sel.
H.K. Tugs	190 nom.
Indo-China (Pref.)	320 nom.
Do. (Def.)	343 nom.
Shell Transport	917 nom.
Waterboats	117 nom.
Benguet	52 nom.
Kailan Mining Ad.	52 nom.
Langkate (combined)	173 buy.
Do. (single)	173 buy.
G.H. Explorations	115 nom.
Shanghai Loans	114 buy.
Banls	193 buy.
Tromch Mines	193 buy.
H.K. & K. Wharfs	1120 nom.
H.K. & W. Docks	335 sel.
China Providents	34 nom.
Hongkong	113 buy.
New Engineering	115 sel.
Shanghai Docks	115 buy.
Two Cottons	1720 buy.
Oriental	115 sel.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	115 sel.
Do. (new)	115 sel.
H.K. & S. Hotels	34 sel.
H.K. Lands	364 sel.
Shanghai Lands	120 buy.
Humphreys Estates	112 buy.
Hong Kong Realities	34 buy.
H.K. Territorials	34 sel.
Prince's Buildings	1120 buy.
H.K. Tramways	32010 buy.
Peak Tram (old)	114 sel.
Do. (new)	37 sel.
Star Ferries	344 buy.
China Lights (comb.)	112 nom.
Do. (old)	34 nom.
Do. (new)	34 nom.
H.K. Electric	344 sel.
Macao Electric	344 buy.
Telephone	344 buy.
China Buses	116 buy.
Singapore Tractions	118 nom.
China Sincere	113 nom.
Malayan Sugars	330 sel.
Canton Loos	35 nom.
Cements (combined)	37 sel.
Do. (old)	36.00 nom.
Do. (new)	31 sel.
H.K. Ropes (old)	110 nom.
Do. (new)	112 sel.
United Assurance	112 sel.
Dairy Farms	115.10 nom.
Watsons	111 nom.
Der A. Wings	36 nom.
Loos Crawford	35 sel.
Mackintosh	322 sel.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

November 21st, 1927.

ON LONDON.—	Telegraphic Transfer	... 2/6
	Bank Bills, on demand	... 2/0 3/16
	Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	—
	Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	... 2/0 3/16
	Credit, at 4 months' sight	2/18
	Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight	... 2/1 1/2
ON PARIS.—	Bank Bills, on demand	1.245
	Credit, 4 months' sight	1.320
ON NEW YORK.—	Bank Bills, on demand	40 1/2
	Credit, at 60 days' sight	50 1/2
ON BOMBAY.—	Telegraphic Transfer	134 1/2
	Bank Bills, on demand	134 1/2
ON CALCUTTA.—	Telegraphic Transfer	134 1/2
	Bank Bills, on demand	134 1/2
ON SHANGHAI.—	Bank Bills, at sight	73 1/2
	Private, 30 days' sight	—
ON YOKOHAMA.—	On demand	104 1/2
ON SINGAPORE.—	On demand	99 1/2
ON BATAVIA.—	On demand	121
ON HAIPHONG.—	On demand	—
ON SAIGON.—	On demand	nom.
ON BANGKOK.—	On demand	92 1/2
	Governor, Bank's Buying rate	\$9.60
	Gold Loan, 100 fine, per tael	—
	Bar Silver, per oz.	26 7/16

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, November 20th.

Paris	124.02 1/2
New York	4.87 41/64
Brussels	34.82
Geneva	25.27 1/2
Amsterdam	12.07
Milan	80.42
Berlin	18.10
Stockholm	18.12
Copenhagen	18.35
Oslo	18.35
Vienna	34.55 1/2
Prague	194 1/2
Helsingfors	194 1/2
Madrid	28.67
Lisbon	21
Athens	38 1/2
Bucharest	792
Rio	54
Buenos Aires	47 1/2
Bombay	1/5 15/16
Shanghai	3/7
Hong Kong	8/1
Yokohama	1/10 18/32
Silver (spot)	25 7/32
Silver (forward)	26 1/2

Singapore	33 1/2 nom.
Wm. Powell	35 sel.
H.K. Amusements	119 buy, 19 1/2 sel.
H.K. Constructions	111 sel.
Ryue Indus. G. Bonds	65 1/2 buy.
H.K. Govt. Loans	14 1/2 prem. buy.
buy—buyers; sel—sellers; nom—nominal.	

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PRINCE'S BUILDING AND LAND CO.

PROPERTY SOLD.

VOLUNTARY WINDING UP.

It was recently announced in the Daily Press that Prince's Building had been sold to the Hong Kong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd., for the sum of \$3,000,000 cash.

This sale was recalled yesterday afternoon when an extraordinary general meeting of Prince's Building and Land Co., Ltd., was held at the registered office of the Company, Prince's Building, for the purpose of passing an extraordinary resolution authorising the voluntary winding up of the Company and the appointment of liquidators.

Mr. J. E. Joseph (Chairman) presided and was supported by Sir Robert Ho Tung and Hon. W. E. L. Shenton (Directors). There were also present Mr. E. M. Raymond, Mr. S. S. Perry, Mr. A. M. Bowes Smith, Mr. F. McD. Courtney, Mr. S. M. Churn, Mr. K. F. Lay, Mr. D. H. Cooper (representing Mr. A. V. Apcar), Mr. M. Nemaze, Mr. A. Nemaze, Mr. Liang Chi Hoo, and Mr. Tseng Yu Tang (shareholders), with Mr. S. R. Moosa (Secretary).

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

Addressing the meeting, the CHAIRMAN said:—As all shareholders are no doubt already aware from the announcements in the local Press a short while ago, your property as it stands has been sold to the Hong Kong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd., as on and from 1st November, 1927, for the sum of \$3,000,000 cash. It is needless for me to assure the shareholders that this decision was reached by your Directors after very careful consideration at a Board Meeting held for that purpose on the 24th September, 1927, when the resolution was passed unanimously. Before proceeding further, I would like to take this opportunity to say that the financial position of the Company prior to the sale was quite sound and had been continuously and steadily improved. By dint of hard work and the expenditure of much time and trouble on the part of your Chairman the leases of all the principal tenants have been renewed during the past two years at practically the full rental which had been figured on when the building was acquired, and the Company was at last on the eve of paying a dividend. The fact that the expiring leases were renewed at very much higher rentals during a period of unprecedented crisis in the Colony speaks sufficiently for the value of the site, which is situated right in the very heart of the banking area.

The difficulty, or rather the drawback, with us however was that our Capital of \$700,000 was much too small, being less than one quarter of the value of the property, hence the increasing rate of interest we have had to pay for our loans has prevented us from paying any dividend to shareholders up to date. The Company therefore, though owning a well constructed and palatial building, on what is probably the finest site in the Colony, and one of great potential value, was nevertheless in a difficult position, and a call on shareholders for increased capital had also been considered by your Chairman and Directors, but in view of the difficult times still prevailing it was extremely doubtful whether such a call, if made, would receive sufficient support from shareholders. Under the circumstances it was unanimously decided that the best interests of the shareholders would be served by disposing of your property at the price offered, which was accordingly done.

No questions being asked in response to the Chairman's invitation, the Chairman formally proposed the following resolution.

That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. John Hennessey and Mr. Sydney Hampden Ross, jointly and severally of the firm of Messrs. Percy Smith, Beth and Fleming be and they are hereby appointed the Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up at a fixed remuneration of \$500.

Mr. D. H. Cooper (representing Mr. A. V. Apcar) seconded and the resolution was carried unanimously.

Directors' Remuneration.

The Chairman, continuing said: There is one other matter that calls for your consideration before concluding this meeting and that is the question of the remuneration for your Directors. As you are all no doubt already aware and must understand and appreciate, your Directors have been obliged to give no little of their time and attention, especially of late, to many questions and matters of importance in connection with the negotiations and eventual sale of your property. This, in (Continued on next Column.)

A NEW ZEALAND ROLL OF HONOUR.

ENGINEERS CORPS
PRIVILEGE.

DEDICATION IN KITCHENER CHAPEL AT ST. PAUL'S.

The Roll of Honour of the New Zealand Engineers was dedicated at St. Paul's Cathedral on October 16th, and placed in a recess in the Chapel to the memory of Lord Kitchener, who was himself a Royal Engineer. The New Zealand Engineers are one of the Dominion Corps which share with the Royal Engineers and the three corps of Indian Sappers and Miners the privilege of having their Rolls of Honour kept in the Kitchener Chapel.

The Roll consists of a parchment volume, bound in leather, with the Corps badge in gold on the cover. It is beautifully illuminated and is inscribed with the names of 403 members of the Corps who fell during the war. It was sent to England from New Zealand in an elaborately carved casket of totara wood, made from one of the piles of the Queen's Wharf, Wellington. The casket is in the form of a Maori treasure box, and bears the emblem of the Sun God, the guardian of the contents, and two figures representing defiance.

Those at the dedication ceremony included General Sir Bindon Blood, representing the Colonels-Commandant of the Royal Engineers; Sir James Paik, High Commissioner for New Zealand; Major-General P. G. Grant, Director of Fortifications and Works; General Sir George Kirkpatrick; Colonel Pridham; Colonel Pritchard; Colonel Addison; and Subadar Nauser Khan, and Company Havildar Major Abdur Rahman Khan, of King George's Own Bengal Sappers and Miners, each of whom holds the Indian Order of Merit.

The service was conducted by Canon Alexander.

General Sir Bindon Blood, explaining the ceremony, said the Royal Engineers specially valued their privilege of keeping their Rolls of Honour in the Kitchener Chapel, because they remembered that great man and faithful soldier of his King and Country, as one of them. When the New Zealand Corps of Engineers came over to join in the Great War, they were trained in Egypt under the supervision of Colonel Pridham, and had specially asked that he should put their Roll of Honour in the place reserved for it.

Sir Bindon then handed the volume to Canon Alexander, and Colonel Pridham placed it in the recess in the north wall of the chapel, which already contains other Rolls of Honour.

Sir Bindon told a Press representative that as there was no suitable place in the Cathedral in which to keep the casket, it would be placed in the R.E. Museum at Chatham. "All ranks will be able to see it there," he said. "In fact, it is a matter of routine in training recruits that they are taken to the museum and shown the Corps memorials and records, which are carefully explained to them. This happens more than once during their training, and we find it a very useful way of stimulating the Corps spirit."

The museum contains, among other things, a number of relics of General Gordon, the Waterloo map used by the Duke of Wellington, and a uniform coat worn by Lord Kitchener when Sirdar of Egypt, bearing the twenty-two ribbons to which he was entitled before the South African War.

view of the considerate manner in which they have waived their fees in the past should now call for some consideration from the shareholders in return, by the fixing of such remuneration to them at this meeting at a higher figure than would otherwise obtain.

Mr. Raymond said:—Under the circumstances, and in view of the reasons and explanations given, I have much pleasure in proposing that the Directors' remuneration for the period up to the date of liquidation be fixed at \$2,000 each, which I feel sure all present here will agree is fully deserved.

Mr. S. M. Churn seconded, and the resolution was carried.

The Chairman announced that the next meeting to confirm the resolutions passed at this meeting would be held on Thursday, the 9th December, at 4.15 p.m.

BRITAIN STARTS NEW TRAVELLING CLUB.

CARDS AND COFFEE MAY
BE HAD ON WAY TO
BUSINESS.

There are clubs and clubs—but probably only on the London-Brighton section of the Southern Railway is a genuine travelling club conducted.

Upon three trains travel a host of business men make Brighton or Hove their home. Soon after eight every morning, they set out for London and before seven in the evening they are back again in Sussex.

A Press representative who travelled on the 8.5 a.m. train was surprised to find how these season ticket holders make themselves at home, says a Home Correspondent. In one of the Pullman coaches, breakfasts were served to those who, one suspected, had slumbered too long to eat at home. Coffee was dispensed to most of the travellers, and at several of the tables games of cards were in progress.

A city man who detached himself from a game of solo whist to talk to the Pressman, remarked:—Yes, we enjoy ourselves during our daily trips to town and back.

The strange thing is that though I have friends whom I meet on the train every day, I don't know the names of several of them nor their business, nor where they live.

Well Kept Secrets.

This is a club, if I may call it such, where no questions are invited and no "shop" allowed. For a couple of hours every day we forget business trouble and domestic cares; it is "on with the game."

I remember a year or two ago we had a newcomer to our little "school," a pleasant, unassuming fellow who lost probably every game of cards he played. Then one day he travelled no more and it was not till long after that I learnt his identity. He is one of the leading financiers of this country. His name! No, I cannot tell you. It is one of the unwritten rules of our "club" to keep our secrets within the train.

I certainly think the number of daily travellers between London and Brighton is increasing, you see it is only just an hour's run in comfort and at the end of the day's work there is scent of the sea and the heights of the South Downs. That is rather better than 30 or 40 minutes in a tube train, and trim suburbia when the day is over.

Not all the regular travellers go by Pullman coach. Into the third class carriage, the club spirit has also permeated. One foursome, by a little ingenuity, has made card-playing easy. Some—perhaps one of their wives—has made for them a canvas "table." This is how it works—at each of the four corners is attached a tape, the other end of which goes over a player's jacket button. When the journey is ended, the "table" rolled away into an attache case.

A Club Of Three.

The Pressman also discovered the most exclusive book exchange in the world. Its membership is three, and the books in circulation are the property of the members. Caring not for the pleasures of the card table, these travellers do, as most Englishmen do in a train—put their eyesight to the severest test by reading away their daily journey.

It is the only time I get my reading, except at week-ends, said one of the men. My two friends and I keep up with new books as much as possible. We make it a rule to buy one book a week, and then pass it around. The plan works very well. Our tastes are dissimilar, of course, but each of us finds something which will interest the others as well as himself.

THE MODERN UNDER-GRADUATE.

A COMPARISON WITH HIS
PREDECESSOR.

TAKING HIMSELF AND HIS
PROSPECTS MORE
SERIOUSLY.

The Warden of All Souls' College, Oxford, is not to be ranked among the pessimists who can discover nothing but a tendency to degeneracy among modern young men in comparison with their predecessors. Dr. Pember, it is to be assumed, speaks from intimate personal knowledge gained by experience, when he informs us that the manners of the present day undergraduate have improved in recent years. But did anyone ever deny it? asks a Home paper. Youth will still have its sting, and must have some outlet for exuberance of animal spirit, only this outlet has naturally found newer, nobler, and more useful modes of expression. The all-night sittings of the past are indulged in by the few nowadays, perhaps because of temporary exhaustion following strenuous exertion during the day, as the Warden suggests, but rather we think the change is to be traced to the change in social habits. Excess of all sorts is now deprecated, whereas formerly indulgence was supposed to distinguish the man of fashion. And must we not take into account the (Continued on next Column.)

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[A.P.B.]

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NOVEMBER 22nd, 23rd,
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USUAL PRICES. [5468]

THERAPION NO. 1 THERAPION NO. 2 THERAPION NO. 3

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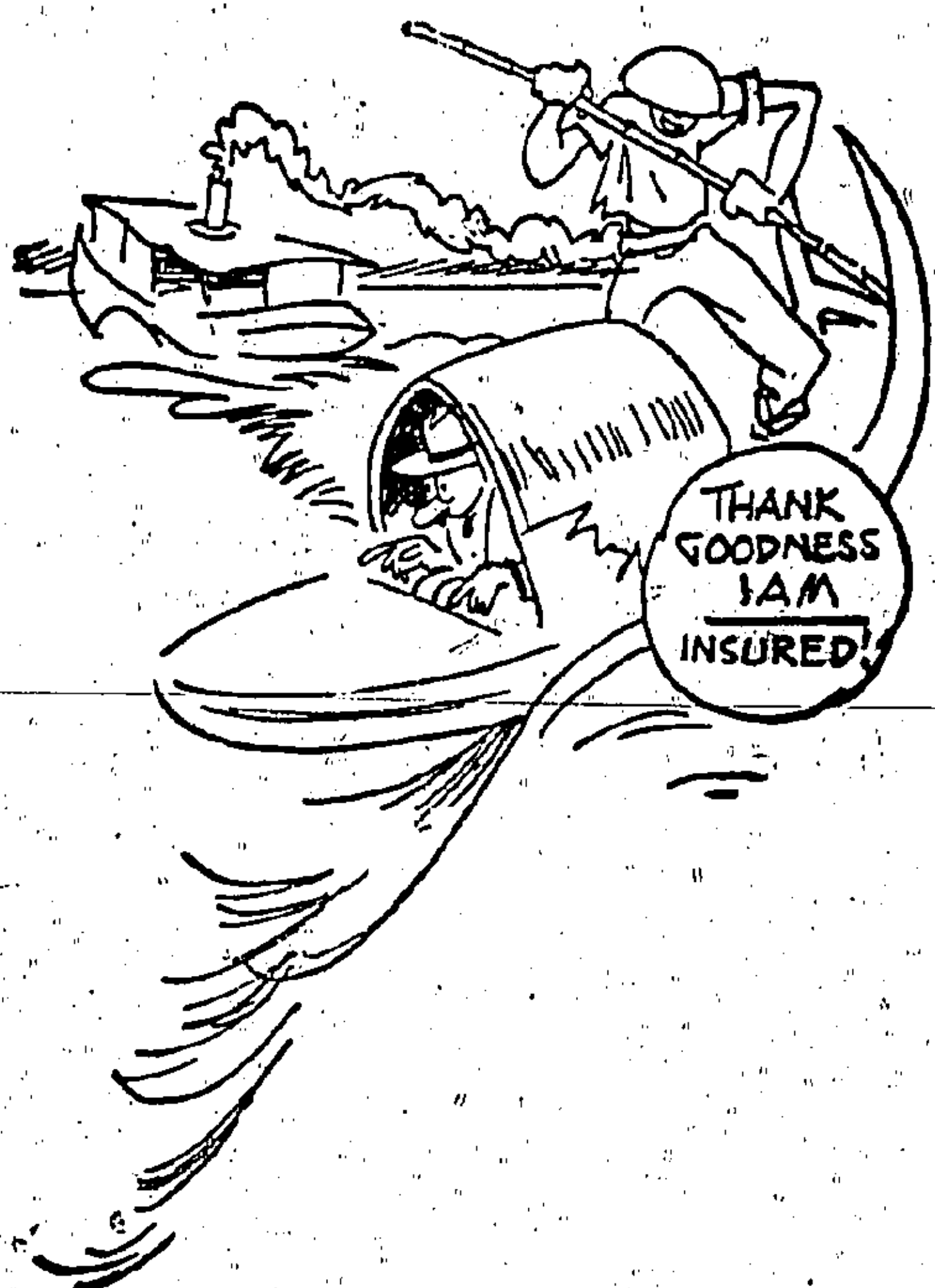
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CHINA UNDERWRITERS.

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION.

COMPANY TO BE CONTROLLED BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. SURRENDER VOLUNTARILY LEGAL RIGHTS AS GENERAL MANAGERS.

An extraordinary general meeting of the China Underwriters, Ltd., was held at the offices of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., yesterday morning to consider proposed alterations in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company which will:

- 1.—Vest the executive control of the Company in a Board of Directors elected by the shareholders instead of in a Firm as General Managers.
- 2.—Reduce very considerably the scale of commissions payable to the Firm who at present act as General Managers and who will after the passing of these articles become General Agents acting under the Directors.
- 3.—Place a limit of ten years on the period of the appointment of the Firm as General Agents so that at the end of ten years their emoluments cease altogether and they then participate in the profits of the Company in substitution for drawing commission on income.

Further there was an extraordinary resolution to increase the capital of the Company by the creation of fifteen Founders shares of \$1,000 each.

The changes in the Articles of Association and the extraordinary resolution were approved without discussion, and a further meeting will be held on December 9th for their confirmation. Mr. Robert G. Shewan presided at yesterday's meeting and among others present were Messrs. Allan Cameron, Li Tze Fong, C. P. Marcel, C. A. da Rosa and Tsang Foc, members of Consulting Committee; Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, of Deacons, Solicitors to the Company; Mr. Herbert R. Sturt, F.I.A., Manager and Secretary; Mr. E. R. Childe, A.I.A., Assistant Secretary, and Messrs. A. L. Shields, W. Adamson, Wong Kit Wan, Allan Keith, C. B. Brooke, Rev. Father Naval, and J. M. Alves, shareholders.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Chairman, explaining the proposed changes, said:—When the Agreement and Articles were entered into it was not foreseen either by the General Managers or by the shareholders that their terms might operate enormously on the Company and that the form of control was unsuited to a Life Assurance Company, but when this was realised in the early days of the Company the General Managers offered to modify their rights so as not to hamper the Company's progress, and an expert opinion was taken in London on the subject as long ago as May, 1924.

It was thought inadvisable to make any drastic change until the Company had developed somewhat further, but in the meantime the General Managers agreed to accept half the amount due to them under their agreement and in fact have received far less than they would have drawn as profits from their valuable Insurance Department which was turned over to the Company and which enabled the Company to be formed.

Board of Directors.

With regard to object 1 in the statement, the new Articles provide for the election of a Board of Directors and it is proposed that the present Consulting Committee shall form the first Board with the usual provision for retiring in rotation at general meetings. The Consulting Committee feel that in shouldering the great responsibility as Directors they should have under the Articles the right to have always a technical Insurance Expert as Manager of the Company directly acting under their instructions responsible to them, and appointed by them on a short term agreement not exceeding five years. It is provided that the General Agents and the Manager act jointly under the instructions of the Board. This arrangement makes for effective control and also for continuity which is very desirable from the Company's point of view. It is proposed that the present Manager be re-appointed by the Directors.

General Agents' Commission.

With regard to the second object, this was gone into very carefully by the Consulting Committee under the advice of the Company's Manager and Actuary with a view to ensuring that the commission should not embarrass the Company or restrict its future operations. The General Agents undertake during the term of the agreement to place their own business with the Company and to introduce as much other business as possible, and the commissions payable thereon have been reduced considerably as compared with the old agreement and are a great deal lower than the business would command in the open market.

The General Agents' commissions on the general business of the Company (other than that introduced by the Firm) as well as those on the Life Business have been very drastically reduced and in fact terminate altogether at the end of ten years.

Among the other alterations is the introduction of clause 117 (b) which is a usual clause in a Life Articles of Association of a Life

Assurance Company. The participating policy holders contribute a considerable extra premium as profit loading thereby adding to the general security of the Company and are naturally entitled to get back their contribution by way of bonus if the Company is prosperous. As the Company gets larger the number of participating policy holders gets greater and these extra contributions form the greater part of the actuarial surplus; the profit derived from these cash payments is not trading profit in the true sense. The percentage of 90 per cent. of profits from Life business is a usual percentage provided for and under Canadian Law this percentage is a compulsory one. This safeguard is participating policies is moreover an asset in the acquisition of new business.

Increase of Capital.

As regards the increase of Capital by the creation of Founders shares, it is one of the terms of the agreement in question that the Company shall, when altering the Memorandum of Association, create fifteen fully paid-up Founders shares of the nominal value of \$1,000 each and that such Founders shares shall be issued to Shewan, Tomes & Co. as compensation for and in consideration of their giving up the General Managership of the Company. The said Founders shares are to be issued on the 1st January, 1928, or at such prior time as Shewan, Tomes & Co. cease to be the General Agents of the Company.

Following the Chairman's explanation, questions were invited. No questions being asked, the various resolutions covering the changes outlined were each formally proposed and seconded and put to the meeting. All were approved.

Dealing with the increase of capital by the creation of fifteen fully paid-up Founders shares to be issued to Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., the resolution embodied the rights carried by these shares which are as follows:

- 1.—To receive by way of dividend one-nineteenth part of the total amount declared divisible by way of profits to the shareholders.
- 2.—Shall rank as equivalent for voting power to 1,000 ordinary shares of the Company.
- 3.—Shall in the event of the Company being wound up and the ordinary shareholders ceasing to retain any interest directly or indirectly in the business of the Company in any manner whatsoever as a going concern be entitled after payment to the ordinary shareholders of the fully paid-up value of their shares (but without prejudice in any way to the rights of the dissentient shareholders under Section 185 of the Company's Ordinance, 1911, which dissentient shareholders shall include the holders of Founders' shares if they do dissent) to have equally distributed amongst them the sum of \$150,000 or such lesser sum as may remain over after making the aforesaid payments there shall still be a surplus for distribution then one-sixth of such surplus shall be equally distributed amongst them and the balance paid to the ordinary shareholders.

THE "IRENE" PIRACY.

SEVEN MEN ON TRIAL.

MR. ALABASTER RETAINED FOR THE DEFENCE.

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

The seven Chinese, accused of having taken part in the piracy of the C.M.S. Irene on October 19th, were brought before the Chief Justice, Sir Henry Gollan, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday. Mr. Somerset Fitzroy appeared for the Crown. The prisoners were defended by Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., Mr. Leo d'Almada e Castro, junr., also represented the fourth accused. Mr. C. A. S. Russ watched the case on behalf of the owners of the Irene.

The jury empanelled were:—Messrs. L. P. Thomas (foreman), J. C. de Souza Botelho, F. A. Prata, H. Poon, Chan Kwai Ping, W. P. Hedley and D. Thompson.

The prisoners were indicted on two counts and before they were allowed to plead, Mr. Alabaster made an application that one or the other of the two counts be quashed or that they be treated as separate indictments. The first count, said Mr. Alabaster, charging the prisoners with a statutory felony, the punishment being death, was equivalent to a murder charge. The second charge was piracy—robbery on the high seas.

Mr. Alabaster claimed that the two counts should not have been joined, and, supporting his contention, quoted a case which had been heard since the Indictment Act of 1918. A man was tried for murder and robbery, the equivalent to the present case, and the Court of Criminal Appeal quashed the second count in the indictment and expressed in very strong terms the opinion that charges like murder were too serious to be joined with others.

His Lordship intimated to Mr. Fitzroy that there would be no need for him to address the Court on the point. "I think that the present case is easily distinguishable from the case cited, continued His Lordship. "I can quite understand it not being advisable to try a charge of murder and robbery based on the same facts, because the statutory elements of the offences in the two cases are quite different, and I can quite easily understand that a person charged with murder and robbery might be embarrassed. It is probable that a charge of robbery might unduly influence the jury in coming to a decision on the charge of murder."

"But this case is a very different one. Here we certainly have two counts dealing with exactly the same set of circumstances; but on the one count we have a charge of piracy with violence and on the other merely a charge of piracy based on the same facts as those on which the charge of piracy on the first count are based, and the only difference between the two counts is that in the one case piracy is alleged in circumstances of aggravation and in the other the charge is simply of piracy."

"I do not think that the prisoners can be in any way embarrassed. It seems to me it would be a rather ridiculous position if the Court were bound to divide the trial in this case so that if there were a verdict in favour of the prisoners on the first count it would be necessary to go into exactly the same facts in order to deal with the second count at a second trial. I must therefore refuse the application."

Mr. Alabaster then said that he wished to make another application on a separate point. He wished to ask whether it was his Lordship's wish that the question of jurisdiction should be raised now or after the facts had been proved. He noticed that in the first count the Irene was stated to be a Chinese ship, and in the second count it was not so stated. Counsel suggested that it would be necessary to establish the nationality of the vessel in evidence.

His Lordship said that he thought the submission should be made at the end of the case and he assured Mr. Alabaster that the interests of the prisoners would not be prejudiced in any way.

The prisoners were then charged on both counts, and a plea of "not guilty" was entered.

(Continued on next column.)

ROWDYISM ON FOOTBALL GROUND.

THROWING STONES AT CONSTABLES.

SHARP FINES IMPOSED.

Two Chinese, who indulged in rowdiness at a football match and amused themselves with throwing stones at policemen, have found the pastime costly.

Many stones were thrown on Saturday in the game between the Queen's Regiment and the China Athletic Association, and three Chinese were arrested and charged at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning.

Inspector James, of No. 9 Station, explained to the Court that this was the tenth case of stone-throwing this season. He had been very nearly hit on several occasions. On Saturday three Indian policemen were hit, and they were fortunately able to catch the rowdies who had thrown the stones. In all cases the stones were carried to the ground.

The three defendants pleaded "not guilty." The first defendant was identified by an Indian constable who said that he was hit by a large stone, but, thanks to his turban, did not suffer serious injury. He saw the thrower and went after him. When searched it was found that this man had two more stones in his possession. The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$50 or four weeks' hard labour.

The second accused hit an Indian constable on the back with a stone. He was spotted by another constable who was stationed elsewhere. A similar penalty was imposed. It was alleged that the third man had knocked off the turban of an Indian policeman with a flat piece of granite. The defendant denied this and stated that he was walking with two friends and that the constable arrested him without reason. The two friends were in Court and corroborated accused's story.

Inspector James said that the two witnesses went to the Police Station about half an hour after the defendant was brought in. The witnesses admitted this but said that they followed the accused to the Station and, on arrival there, they were beaten and chased away by the Inspector. Mr. Lindsay discharged the defendant.

The Prosecution.

Mr. Fitzroy, in opening the case for the Crown, briefly referred to the capture of the ship. He had no doubt, he said, that the jury would find that the piracy and robbery had been committed, that an act endangering life had been done and that all the accused were on board, armed with automatics.

Captain Johnsen was then called to the witness box. He said that as he was leaving the ship, he was fired at by one of the pirates, but was not hit. He recognised the fourth prisoner as the man who fired.

Asked by Mr. Alabaster why he did not mention this fact in the preliminary hearing, Capt. Johnsen said that he had referred to it in his original statement, but was not asked about it at the Magistrate's trial.

Mr. d'Almada rose to cross-examine, but Mr. Alabaster pointed out that Mr. Johnsen was representing all the prisoners and he could not allow two cross-examinations.

Evidence was also given by the chief engineer (Mr. A. Hodge), by the second officer, the second engineer (Mr. H. C. O'Halla), the third engineer (Mr. A. B. Demee) and by the chief officer (Mr. George Innes).

The prisoners were all identified by one or the other of the officers. Lieut. F. J. C. Hallahan, in command of Submarine L.4, described the action taken by the submarine and Mr. D. Watkins, second in command of the L.4, spoke of picking up the third and finding on him a magazine clip with a number of live pistol cartridges. Another clip of cartridges was found on the first prisoner.

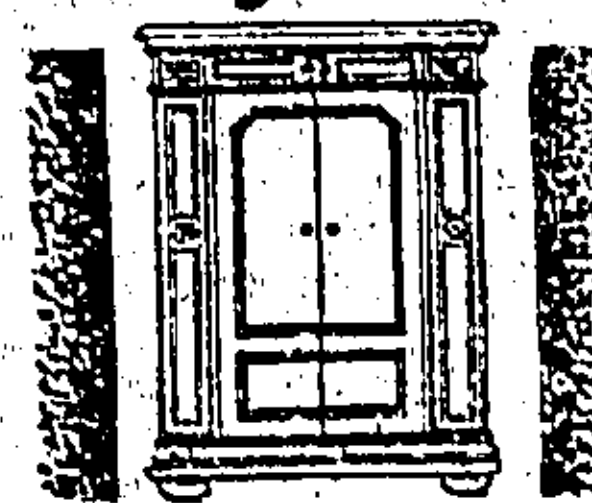
Referring to the arrest of one of the three prisoners on the Submarine, witness said that this man was identified by one of the ship's officers, and he said in broken English "I very sorry. No belong proper pirate. This belong first time I have been pirate. I very sorry."

Lieut. J. O'Donnell, second in command of Submarine L.5, said he received a signal from the L.4 to proceed at full speed to Bias Bay. He mentioned incidents with regard to the burning of the Irene. They picked up the fourth defendant.

The case was adjourned until this morning and is likely to continue until Thursday or Friday.

In all there are 32 witnesses of whom nine have now given evidence.

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**BRITISH PLANTER
MURDERED.**

**TRAGEDY ON MEDAN
ESTATE.**

**KILLED WITH AXES BY
COOLIES.**

BATAVIA, Nov. 18th.
Medan: Mr. Robert Allan, assistant on the Soengel Rombia Estate, belonging to Harrisson and Crofield, was murdered by coolies on Sunday morning.

Six coolies have been arrested. It appears that Mr. Allan was attacked with axes. Ten minutes earlier the manager had visited him and noticed nothing suspicious. Hearing a noise he returned and found Mr. Allan dead, the body terribly mutilated.—*Straits Times.*

**BABY'S CRIES SPOIL
KIDNAPPING.**

FRENCH POLICE INTERRUPT.

**ATTEMPT TO 'EXACT'
RANSOM.**

A Chinese baby's cries frustrated a kidnapping attempt in the French Concession, Shanghai, last week.

The French police chauffeur had its attention directed to the child who was crying in the arms of a Chinese, who did not appear to be the father. A policeman was called but the Chinese, who was riding in a ricksha, finding himself pursued, abandoned the child in the ricksha and took to flight. He disappeared before the police could get him. At the police station, the little child, a girl, tearfully told the police that the man had stolen her from outside her home but she was unable to tell the police where her home is situated. Police investigations, however, have succeeded in finding her parents to whom she has been restored. Evidence likely to lead to the kidnapper's arrest has also been obtained.—*Shanghai Times.*

ONCE, TOO OFTEN.

YOUNG CRACKSMAN CAUGHT.

A juvenile cracksmen, the son of a respectable fire-wood dealer, broke into the house of a Chinese at No. 127, Des Voeux Road West, and stole a silver watch, a fountain pen and a pair of spectacles, valued at \$187.

Not satisfied with this haul, he broke into No. 94, Wing Lok Street, the following night and stole property valued at \$25. This, however, proved his undoing, for he was caught and taken before Major C. Wilson at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

In the course of the hearing, the prosecuting Police officer told the Court that the defendant had a previous conviction against him. His Worship sentenced the young thief to eight months' imprisonment.

THE BIAS BAY PROBLEM.**CHANG FAT FUI TO CONSIDER IT.****"IRONSIDES" GENERAL BACK IN CANTON.****OTHER LEADERS ASKED TO RETURN AT ONCE.**

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

The matter of piracy prevention in the neighbourhood of Bias Bay will be considered by the Military Council of which General Chang Fat Fui will sit as Chairman during the absence of General Li Tsai Hsin. The Political Council did not deal with this question at the last meeting. Some time ago the British Consulate-General on Shamen communicated with the Canton Bureau for Foreign Affairs suggesting that a conference should be held between Canton and Hong Kong representatives on the matter of co-operation, and the Political Council decided to refer the question to the Military Council.

General Chang Fat Fui has personally assumed leadership of the present Kwangtung movement against the Kwangsi military group. He was present at several council meetings in Canton during the last two days.

Some ten of the thirty members of the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee are now actually in Canton and they, with a few more who are coming, may form a quorum for the transaction of business. Telegrams have been sent to Mr. Wang Ching Wei, General Chiang Kai Shek, and General Li Tsai Hsin, in Shanghai, to return to Canton immediately in order that the fourth conference of the Committee may be held. According to the Kuomintang regulations, the Central Committee must have its office and meeting place in the capital of the country, but at the moment, Canton, Nanking, and Hankow all have organizations resembling a central government in that each has been commandeering tax proceeds which should be kept only by the central government.

BOMB THROWN.

A bomb was thrown at the headquarters of the Central Labour Union in Canton late last Saturday night but no one was hurt. The crime has been attributed to "Red" terrorists. The Central Labour Union, or Kwangtung Chung Kung Hui, have been considered as "anti-Reds" throughout. Practically all the important leaders of the Central Labour Union have left Canton to avoid being arrested as "counter-revolutionists." Notwithstanding this, the Canton Authorities are still going after certain groups of labour leaders and raids were made on a number of union quarters during the last few days.

Some 17 women and eight men were burned to death late on Saturday night, when a part of the red light district at Chenlong, Canton City, was destroyed.

MATCHES WITH HONG KONG SCHOOLS.

Saturday, November 25th, will be observed by the Lingnan University, formerly the Canton Christian College, as *Alumni Day*. It is expected that many Chinese graduates of the University now residing in Hong Kong will go to Canton to be present at the celebrations. One of the features of the programme will be the breaking of ground for the construction of a memorial in honour of the former students and graduates who have given their lives in the course of the Chinese Revolution.

Many students from Canton, including some from Lingnan University, will probably come to Hong Kong about the middle of December to play games with Hong Kong school teams. The Hong Kong University, Ying Wa College, and others are being asked to arrange matches at basketball, volleyball, football, and tennis.

TRADE MATTERS.

Some persons are still inclined towards making trouble as a means of livelihood. Yesterday (Monday), at noon, another anti-British boycott Extension Society meeting was held, and it was decided to continue the search for merchandise of British origin. The anti-British boycott will be renewed, but it is unlikely that the present regime will permit it to go on.

Canton Authorities are encouraging persons to continue their regular trade in view of the advice to Hong Kong by Canton merchants to suspend forwarding goods until the outcome is known of the struggle between the Kwangtung and the Kwangsi militarists.

PREPARING FOR THE FRAY.**MORE TROOPS GATHER AT SHIUHUNG.****THE ATTITUDE OF THE YUNNAN GENERAL.****THREE BRIGADES OF LI FUK LAM DISARMED.**

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

Generals Fung Chuk Man, Tang Sai Chang, Ho Tung and Li Yang Kin have arrived at Shiuhung today to gather all the available troops under the Li Tsai Hsin standard. Fung Chuk Man is the Chief of Staff to General Li Tsai Hsin.

General Chan Cheung Po's troops at Kungmoon have already started for Shiuhung, the protection of Kungmoon being entrusted to the gendarmic about 4,000 strong.

Three brigades of Li Fuk Lam's army were disarmed by Fan Shek Sang, the Yunnan general. It is impossible to say now upon which side the Yunnan General will fight.

His brother, who is in Canton, has accepted on his behalf a post as member of the Military Council. This, of course, would appear to suggest that he is supporting the "Ironsides," but his action in disarming Li Fuk Lam's troops appears to point in the opposite direction.

There was fighting between Sit Ngok and the Kwangsi troops yesterday, and reinforcements are being sent up from Wengsha. So far the result of the fighting is unknown.

Orders were given by Wong Shiu Hung to send all available troops from Kwangsi to Shiuhung, and it is learned that these troops have already arrived at Wuchow.

Thirteen gunboats, large and small, as well as the 38th and 39th Brigades are now at Shiuhung.

Li Tsai Hsin has wired to General Chui King Tong, who is now in Japan, to return to Shanghai to discuss plans for the campaign against General Chang Fat Fui.

CANTON PROVINCIAL BANK.**NOTES FURTHER DEPRECIATED.****DOUBT REGARDING MRS. LIAO CHUNG HOI'S POLICY.**

Canton bank notes have further depreciated and bankers and merchants are experiencing considerable difficulty in getting notes exchanged for cash.

No individual is allowed to exchange more than \$1,000 of notes in a day. As a result the Bankers' Association have held a meeting and have decided to give no quotations for Canton bank notes.

Moreover as Mrs. Liao Chung Hoi has taken up the position as head of the Canton Provincial Bank, it is feared that she may adopt the Hankow method of conserving all available actual cash and issuing notes only.

BOCA TIGRIS.**ARMED SOLDIERS SEARCH BRITISH STEAMER.****NORWEGIAN VESSEL FIRED UPON.**

Soldiers at Boca Tigris are reported to be making a search of all steamers going up and coming down the delta.

In a report made to the Harbour Authorities, the master of the s.s. *Kanahur*, a British vessel, stated that as the ship was going up to Canton on Friday, she was ordered to stop and was boarded by armed soldiers, who made a thorough search of the vessel.

In the same report it was also mentioned that the s.s. *Maud*, a Norwegian ship, which did not stop quickly enough was fired upon from the forts. She was hit in the bow, but no serious damage was done.

KWANGSI TROOPS.**APPEALS TO LI TSAI HSEN.****REPORT THAT HE WILL RETURN WITHIN A WEEK.**

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

Kwangsi troops returning from Swatow to Canton by land are marching on the Southern Capital in two directions, one by way of Hingning in the Eastern Districts. General Chen Tsai Tang is coming by way of Swatow, while General Chien Ta Chun is leading his men back from the north-east. A report says that the Kwangsi forces in Wuchow and Shiuhung are not to take the offensive until their comrades from the Swatow sector are near Canton City. A section of the River Fliella of Canton has failed to come over to the side of General Chang Fat Fui, and this is giving rise to some anxiety. In the Heungshan and Shuntak districts, the Kwangsi troops are still holding out, hoping ultimately to make their way to Shiuhung, or Wuchow instead of being forced to surrender.

According to a Kuomintang Press organ, a division of Kwangsi troops at Nanning, the capital of Kwangsi, has mutinied in favour of the new Kwangtung regime. If this is true, the Kwangsi troops are obviously not all in support of their provincial, General Wong Shiu Hung.

Many messages have been despatched lately from Hong Kong to General Li Tsai Hsin at Shanghai by his followers urging him to return south at once. It is stated that he will probably arrive at Hong Kong before the end of this week on some European or Japanese steamer.

HAWKERS AT HAPPY VALLEY.**WHOLESALE ROUND-UP BY POLICE.****SIXTY-FOUR MEN FINED.**

Following complaints made by the Hong Kong Football Association, the Police made a wholesale round-up of hawkers at Happy Valley on Saturday, and no fewer than 79 were arrested.

These men were charged with breaking the regulations under which their licences were issued and with being a nuisance to the spectators and to the players through encroaching on the playing grounds and plying their trade on the stands.

When the case was called before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy yesterday, 64 hawkers answered their names. Those who did not appear had their bail of \$2 estreated.

His Worship, asked Sergt. Dickson, who was prosecuting, why the round-up was made, and was informed that complaints had been received from the Football Association.

Mr. Lindsell remarked that the regulation had been enforced long before the Chinese took up football, and he thought that the hawkers were catering to the needs of the Chinese and were appreciated by the Chinese spectators. The Magistrate added that the same state of affairs could be seen on the football grounds at Home.

Inspector James said that several attempts had been made during the last two months to regulate the hawkers at Happy Valley. The hawkers blocked all thoroughfares and hampered the work of the Police. On Saturday, he said, over 120 men were arrested, but he released several of them after a caution.

The sixty-four hawkers were then fined \$2. Others arrested who had no licenses were fined from \$3 to \$5 each.

STABBED WITH A POCKET KNIFE.**"QUARREL BETWEEN SCHOOLBOYS."****ARE CHARGED WITH MURDER.****VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY.**

As the result of a quarrel between boys returning from school, when one of them received a small wound which caused internal hemorrhage and his death, a Chinese boy was charged with murder before Mr. Justice J. R. Wood (Paine Judge) at the Criminal Sessions yesterday. The age of the prisoner was given as between 17 and 18 years, but the lad himself stated he was ten years of age.

The jury comprised Messrs. T. A. Martin (foreman), G. H. Stewart, Usuf Mahomed Omar, S. C. Salter, C. A. de Jesus V. Ribeiro, Tan King Hoon and W. R. Wilkinson.

The accused was alleged to have stabbed the deceased boy during a quarrel at Nga Tsai Wai, Kowloon City, on September 6th. Mr. H. K. Holmes (Crown Solicitor) prosecuted, and Mr. N. I. Brewer defended.

Opening his case, Mr. Holmes said that while he did not suggest that manslaughter should be the verdict of the jury, he considered it was of importance for the jury to consider the possibility of such a verdict. On the date in question, three boys, including accused, were passing through the village of Ng Tsai Wai, and it was stated that the accused jostled the deceased, who was wearing clogs and carrying an umbrella. There appeared to have been an earlier quarrel between the two boys and the evidence would show that the deceased used his umbrella in a defensive manner. Accused at the time was holding a small pocket knife in his hand and gave chase to the deceased who ran away. The chase continued until a temple was reached, where deceased fell, and it was alleged that it was then that accused stabbed the boy in the back.

Medical evidence would show that although the wound was a small one it caused internal hemorrhage and the boy died very soon after being admitted to hospital. Dealing with the importance of the prisoner's age, Mr. Holmes quoted the ordinance as follows: "Sentence of death shall not be pronounced on or recorded against a prisoner, who, in the opinion of the court, is under the age of 16 years." If the prisoner was under the age of 16 there was a presumption in law in his favour as to his capacity to commit such a crime. Evidence would be called that the boy was not less than 14 years old. Mr. Holmes again quoted "A child of seven, and under 14, is presumed to be incapable of criminal intent, but the presumption should be rebutted and weakened with the advance of the child's years towards 14. The particular facts and circumstances attending the doing of the act manifest the extent, understanding, and disposition of the child."

The jury would be told that Tang, the deceased boy, showed no wound of any sort with the exception of the knife wound which caused his death, but the prisoner did show a slight bruise on his left forearm. That would be of importance with regard to the actual quarrel.

When charged with stabbing, prior to the death of the other lad, the accused stated that when he had gone to a theatrical performance at the Hau Wong Temple the deceased gathered together a gang of men to attack him. Continuing his statement accused said: "I did not fight with him before, but to-day I saw him at the stream at Van Tsai Wai and I pushed him. He struck me with an umbrella and also threw stones at me. I chased him and by mistake I stabbed him."

When charged with murder, following the death of the other lad, accused made a similar statement, but added "I did not really mean to stab him. In a hurry I had no time to put it away, but accidentally carried along the knife in my hand."

The accused evidently commented Mr. Holmes regarded it as an accident, done in the heat of the moment.

Evidence given by Dr. I. Newton, medical officer in charge of the Kowloon Hospital, was to the effect that deceased died two and a half hours after being admitted. His condition upon admission was such that a doctor's attention was useless.

Mr. J. E. Dovey, of the Kowloon Mortuary, stated that a small knife (produced) would very probably have caused the wound which had resulted in internal hemorrhage.

(Continued on next column.)

THE ANTIMONY CASE.**HOW THE THIEVES WORKED.****SIX MEN CHARGED.**

The long adjourned case in which six Chinese are charged with stealing 81 slabs of antimony regulus from the godowns of the China Provident Loan and Mortgage Co., Ltd., was heard yesterday at the Central Magistracy before Major C. Willson.

Messrs. C. A. S. Russ and Horace Co appeared for the fifth and sixth defendants respectively. Mr. L. D. Turner was for the prosecution. The first four defendants were charged with stealing but as one of the defendants is sick in hospital, this charge was not dealt with yesterday. The fifth and sixth defendants were charged with aiding and abetting the alleged thieves.

Outlining the case against these two men, Mr. Turner said that the first defendant was in the employ of the Company up to August 14th of this year when he was dismissed. Four months prior to his dismissal, 60 cases of antimony regulus were stored in the godown, and the first defendant, who was a godown-man, had knowledge of this. Prior to his dismissal he asked for leave which was granted, and the prosecution was of the opinion that the defendant had specially asked for leave in order to burgle the godown. The theft was committed between October 25th or the next day. The prosecution's theory was that the first defendant must have opened the trap door in the godown before he left. The trap door was in such a place that hardly anyone would visit it and it was bolted from the inside.

After unbolting the trap door, access could be obtained through the roof, but it would be necessary to go through a building which is in course of construction just next to the godown. This new building was in the charge of a carpenter foreman (the fifth defendant). The first defendant did not know this man, and evidence would be produced to show that the first accused had secured an introduction to the fifth defendant through a Chinese barber (the sixth defendant). Evidence would also show that after arrangements had been made the stolen antimony was brought from the godown into the new building and there were put into bags and carted away in a truck.

Corroborative evidence was given by Mr. L. E. Gutteris, manager of the godown, and the case was adjourned until to-morrow afternoon.

Dr. A. Cannon, in charge of the Victoria Gaol, said that accused was about 14 years of age; he might be a little older or a little younger.

Replying to questions, witness said that the boy's intellect was below normal and he was slightly slow-witted. His mentality was such that he was more likely to lose his temper than others.

Further evidence was given by schoolboys, who spoke of the quarrel and the fight. Deceased's parents were also called.

Mr. Brewer intimated that he was not calling accused or any witnesses.

His Lordship, prior to the adjournment foriffin, intimated that if the jury found accused guilty he must be found guilty of manslaughter, and not of murder.

In the afternoon, Mr. Brewer briefly addressed the Court. He submitted that there could be no charge of manslaughter. The offence must be unlawful and felonious to be manslaughter, and he submitted that in this case it was not. After recapitulating the evidence of the Crown, Mr. Brewer submitted that the stabbing was a pure accident. It was not a case of accused losing his head and stabbing, but of losing his balance and stumbling, and in doing so accidentally inflicted the wound. It was a crime among adults to fight, he argued, but it was not a crime among boys. In fact, he said, it was a crime for boys not to fight. It was a crime for a schoolboy to show cowardice.

In the course of his summing up, His Lordship said he considered the submission of Counsel for the defence that accused fell was a purely hypothetical one. There was no evidence to support such a submission. The only evidence given was that deceased fell. He thought the only possible conclusion that could be arrived at was that accused deliberately dealt the blow.

The jury must ask themselves whether the accused dealt the blow knowing it was wrong. The blow was dealt during a fight when the blood of both contestants was still hot. If he were personally recording the verdict, which he was not, it would be a verdict of manslaughter, but if the jury felt a doubt in the case, then it must be a verdict of "not guilty."

The jury retired for twenty-five minutes, and on their return gave a unanimous verdict of "Not Guilty."

Accused was then discharged.

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XMAS SUPPLIES

COMPLETE SELECTION TO MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS.

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

PRACTICE

The EIGHTSOME REEL

IN YOUR OWN HOME WITH

COLUMBIA RECORD No. 9011

TO BE HAD AT

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AND

POWDER

THE TWO SUPREME TOILET LUXURIES.

SOLE AGENTS:

HONG KONG TRADING COMPANY

For Miles and Miles
SOCONY GASOLINE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF NAME.

WE, the Undersigned, hitherto carrying on Business as Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, under the Firm Name of **ARCHITECTS & CO. HERBERT NOTLEY** that as from the 21st NOVEMBER, 1927, the said Business will be carried on under the Name and Style of **HALL & HALL, Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors**, at 34, Queen's Road Central.

WILLIAM HALL, B.Sc. (Eng.)
GEORGE ALBERT VICTOR HALL, B.Arch. (R.I.B.A.)
34, Queen's Road Central. [5551]

NEW WESLEYAN SAILORS' & SOLDIERS' HOME, PRATA IS.

STONE-LAYING CEREMONY: on WEDNESDAY, NOV. 23rd, at 3 P.M.

STONES TO BE LAID BY:

His Excellency
W. T. SOUTHERN, Esq., C.M.G.
His Excellency Major-General
C. G. LUARD, C.B., C.M.G.
and
Commander **J. L. PEARSON, C.M.G.**

A Cordial Invitation to attend is extended to all. [5548]

GOVERNMENT MILLS, ETC.

TENDERS for SPECIE and MEXICAN DOLLARS current in this Colony for Telegraphic Transfer, on the London Comptroller of His Majesty's Treasury, London, to be received by the 2nd NOVEMBER, 1927, at 11 o'clock A.M. on the 22nd NOVEMBER, 1927.

The Tenders to state the Total Amount (in Pounds Sterling). No Telegraphic Transfer will be made for less than £100. The Tenders to be in Duplicate, and in Sealed Covers addressed to the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, COMMAND PAY OFFICE, until 11 o'clock A.M. on the 22nd NOVEMBER, 1927.

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved.

Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.

Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that, having regard to the provisions of the Act 22 George III, Cap. 45 and 41, George III, Cap. 63, the acceptance of any such Tender is subject to the express condition that no Member of the British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contract thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to Companies entered into by the incorporated Company in its corporate capacity and made for the general benefit of the Company.

H. G. KILBY, Lieut. Colonel.
Treasury Chest Officer, R.A.P.C.
His Majesty's Treasury Office,
Hong Kong. [5550]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE EIGHTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (Weather permitting) at Happy Valley on **SATURDAY, 26th NOVEMBER, 1927**, commencing at 3 P.M. The First Bell will be rung at 3.15 P.M.

The Public Enclosure will be \$1.00 for all Persons including Ladies. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform: Half Price.

Members are advised that they must show their Badges to obtain Admission to the Members' Enclosure.

Each Member has the right to introduce 2 Non-members to the Members' Enclosure. Tickets for whom can be obtained from Messrs. LEITCH & DAVIS at \$5.00 Each Up to FRIDAY, 25th NOVEMBER, 1927.

The Charge for Admission for Ladies to the Members' Enclosure will be \$1.00. Each Member can obtain, upon application to the SECRETARY, Badges for Admission of 2 Ladies Free of Charge.

Bookmakers, Tipsters, etc., will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hong Kong Jockey Club during Race Meetings. [5549]

FLATS! TO LET.

45/52, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON.

Apply to

S. J. DAVID & CO.

PRINCE'S BUILDING,

CHATER ROAD.

INTIMATIONS.

CHOCOLATES

De Luxe

In

Wonderful Variety

CANADIAN AMERICAN

(METCALFE)

(FOSS)

FRUIT IN LIQUOR TRU VALUE

GIFT

LA MERITA

TRIBUTE AS YOU LIKE IT

SPECIAL IDEAL

A. S. WATSON

& CO., LTD.

HONG KONG.

LOST Between JARDINE'S CORNER and UPPER PEAK TRAM, 18th INSTANT—STONE MARTIN "CHOKER" FUR—OWNER, 273, THE PEAK. [5544]

WE Require FLAT and HOUSES in CENTRAL KOWLOON and above MAY ROAD LEVEL, Hong Kong. Will Landlords interested send particulars to SMALL INVESTORS TEL. C. 4630? [5545]

MARRIAGE.

KING—SEARLES-WOOD.—On Monday, November 21st, 1927, at St. John's Cathedral, Hong Kong, by the Rev. H. Copley Moyle, M.A., **DUDLEY LEONARD KING**, youngest son of the late Mr. G. L. KING and Mrs. KING, of Sutton, Surrey, to **VIOLET LOUISE SEARLES-WOOD**, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. SEARLES-WOOD, of Sutton, Surrey. Shanghai papers please copy. [5546]

DEATH.

HURLEY.—On Monday, November 21st, 1927, at the Kowloon Hospital, Captain **HEBERT S. HURLEY**, Shanghai papers please copy. [5545]

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, NOVEMBER 22ND, 1927

THE CANTON SITUATION.

The recent events in Canton furnish one further proof of the utter impossibility of securing anything approaching loyalty to an established regime in China at the present day. That we believe will be the summing up of the situation by foreigners generally. We need not concern ourselves with the inside history of the movement. There are many conflicting reports but we are unable to find the slightest

suggestion of a single patriotic motive. The coup was the result of personal jealousies among the military leaders. Intrigue and treachery made it possible and throughout the whole sorry business no one seems to have given a thought to the good of the country. It is early yet to speak of the probable consequences but the change, even if it is a lasting one, can scarcely mean an improvement in the provincial administration. The chances are that it will prove the starting point of months of guerrilla warfare during the course of which the unfortunate people will be rushed down again by military exactions. Trade of a sort will continue because the people are dependent upon it for their very existence, but it will be carried on under greater difficulties than ever. There can be no commercial revival in the real sense of the word while disorder prevails, and until a period of peace can be reasonably guaranteed.

There seems to be very little sincerity in the cry raised of "Canton for the Cantonese." This slogan may have been used to secure the support of the unthinking mass of labourers and peasants but there will be no peace for CHIANG KAI SHEK, who is a Chekiang man, in which a movement and this redoubtable general has already announced his intention of again taking part in the National Revolution and will doubtless expect support from Canton. Moreover, it is asserted by many of those responsible for the coup that the object was not to oust General Li Tsai Hsin but merely to get rid of his chief supporter and ally General Wong SHU HENG on the ground that he was becoming too powerful and was intriguing to secure supreme authority for his own personal aggrandizement. It is even hinted that Li Tsai Hsin was party to the coup and desired his principal subordinate to be suppressed. These are only a few of the stories in circulation and it is impossible to decide what measure of truth they contain, but obviously there is nothing pointing to a widespread desire that the Canton Government should be comprised solely of Canton men. Li Tsai Hsin is himself a native of Kwangsi. For weeks past the whole of the political discussions have ranged round the possibility of a re-unification of the Kuomintang and a Canton Government established solely by the Cantonese would prove as effective a bar to such re-unification as the separate governments in Hankow and Nanking have been.

Broadly speaking those who are now in charge of affairs in Canton have been associated more closely with the extremist elements in Chinese politics than with the moderate action. When the "Iron sides" first returned to Canton the labour extremists, considering that they would be assured of military support, immediately began to create trouble. They were checked for a time by an agreement among the officials and a settled and satisfactory Government appeared to be in prospect. Now that every department in Government administration has been turned upside down again and the "Iron sides" are admittedly in command of the situation in Canton City the union leaders are again making their influence felt. But it is one thing to court labour by extravagant promises when in "opposition" and an entirely different matter to put these promises into effect, and at the same time to pay reasonable regard to the responsibilities of office. Already we hear of a clash between the new regime and the unions during which several labour delegates were killed and a number placed under arrest. Some warfare in the province seems inevitable, but there is possibly a chance that in local and municipal affairs and in the ordinary trade routine, the newcomers will be sensible enough to keep the wild men of their party under some sort of control. That would seem to be about the most for which we can reasonably hope.

Quarantine restrictions have been imposed against arrivals from Sourabaya on account of plague.

There will be another practice dance in connection with St. Andrew's Ball (to be held next Wednesday) at the City Hall this evening from 5.30 to 7 o'clock.

A number of small turtles weighing about 500 catties were reported to have been stolen from a fish stall in the Central Market on Sunday morning. The turtles were worth \$1,000.

The eleventh ordinary general meeting of the Industrial and Commercial Bank, Ltd., will be held at the head office of the Company, York Building, on Wednesday, December 21st, at 2 p.m.

A Chinese was on Sunday bitten by a dog belonging to Mr. Lawrence of No. 3, Cox Path, Kowloon. The dog was taken to the Ma Tau Kok Dog's Home for observation. The Chinese was treated by Dr. Dovey.

The Honorary Treasury of St. John's Cathedral has forwarded to St. Dunstan's Hostel for the blind a draft for £48.10.7, being the sterling equivalent of the offertory taken at the Cathedral on Armistice Day.

A Chinese printer employed by Messrs. Noronha & Co., who resides at the Company's premises, made a report to the Police that thieves broke into his room in the early hours of Sunday morning and stole clothing valued at \$90.

The Chinese, who was charged with throwing vitriol in the face of a Chinese woman, was brought up on remand before Mr. W. Schofield at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning. The case was again adjourned for a week.

Mr. A. H. Barlow, formerly Chief Manager of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank and now a member of the Bank's London Committee, returned to the Colony by the P. & O. *Albatross* yesterday. Mr. Barlow is making a short business tour in the Far East.

Can Lan Fong, charged with embezzlement, was again before the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning. The accused is alleged to have converted to his own use the sum of \$11,000 belonging to the Kwong Man Loong firm. Defendant was allowed bail in the sum of \$5,000. The case will be heard next week.

PROMINENT PASSENGERS ON "LUNGSHAN."

Sir John and Lady Asser and Lt.-Col. Mackintosh were among the passengers arriving from Canton last night by the s.s. *Lungshan*. They went up to Canton on the same boat on Sunday night.

"OUR CABARET."

END KOWLOON SEASON LAST NIGHT.

TWO MORE PERFORMANCES IN HONG KONG.

"Our Cabaret" brought their season to a close last night at the Star Theatre when they played "Pot Pourri." This burlesque was the most entertaining of the repertoire and the audience, which was unusually large, was thoroughly entertained.

Last night's programme was full of miscellaneous musical numbers, sketches and speciality dances.

Charles Mason and Muriel Varna greatly pleased the audience with delightful, wholesome humour. Miss Henkina rendered some beautiful opera pieces, and was encircled several times.

While waiting for a boat to take them to England, "Our Cabaret" will give two more performances in Hong Kong. They will appear to-night and to-morrow night at the B.N. Canteen. The play to be presented will be selected from the many sketches played by the Company while here.

LOCAL WEDDINGS.

KING—SEARLES-WOOD.

CEREMONY AT ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

The marriage took place yesterday afternoon at St. John's Cathedral of Mr. Dudley Leonard King, Manager of the China Provident Loan and Mortgage Co., Ltd., and youngest son of the late Mr. G. L. King and Mrs. King, of Sutton, Surrey, and Miss Violet Louise Searles-Wood, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Searles-Wood, of Sutton, Surrey.

The bride, who was given in marriage by Mr. W. Adamson, of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., wore a gown of white georgette, with long sleeves and with the skirt composed of tiny frills sloping up in front and edged with white and crystal beads. Her white tulle veil was arranged in a mob cap with a wreath of orange blossoms clasped with a filigree of diamante.

The duties of "best man" were discharged by Mr. J. Treadwell, of the Scots Guards. The wedding service was conducted by the Cathedral Chaplain, the Rev. H. Copley Moyle.

Following the Cathedral ceremony, a reception was held at St. John's Place. The honeymoon is being spent at Shek-O.

TAVARES—SOUSA.

CEREMONY AT ROSARY CHURCH.

The marriage took place at the Rosary Church, Kowloon, on Sunday of Miss Gertrude Victoria Sousa, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Sousa, of No. 3, Minden Avenue, Kowloon, and Mr. Arthur Richard Tavares.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a gown of white georgette, trimmed with silver lace, and carried a bouquet of Honolulu creeper and white roses.

In attendance on the bride were Miss D. Sousa (the bride's sister) and Miss J. Gardner, as bridesmaids; and Miss Irene Sousa (sister of the bride) and Miss M. Tavares (brother-in-law) as flower girls. Master Billy Tavares was page-boy.

The bridesmaids dresses were of pale blue flowered georgette, trimmed with silver lace. The flower girls wore pale pink georgette. The bouquets were of pink Honolulu creeper and roses.

The duties of "best man" were discharged by Mr. J. R. Castilho, and that of groomsmen by Mr. J. F. Tavares. The Rev. Father G. M. Spada officiated.

Following the Church ceremony, a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, and later Mr. and Mrs. Tavares left for Repulse Bay for their honeymoon.

The bride's going away dress was of mauve crepe-de-chine, with white coat and hat to match.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

ANNUAL REPORT.

AN APPEAL FOR MORE MEMBERS.

The 22nd annual report of the Hong Kong Horticultural Society says, *inter alia*:

"The ordinary membership of the Society now stands at 137 a totally inadequate number if the Society is to flourish and carry on the annual Show. A glance at our accounts will show the serious financial position of the Society. Whilst our expenditure increased by some \$600 our income decreased by over \$400 in members' subscriptions and a further \$400 less was collected towards the Prize Fund, —the funds of the Society thereby declining from \$1,562.40 to \$249.23 a sum that is quite insufficient to meet current expenses and to carry on the work of the Society."

The Committee therefore urgently appeal to all members to bear themselves and enrol new members from amongst the many new comers to the Colony.

The Subscription for an ordinary member is only \$5 per annum which entitles a member to two free tickets to the Annual Show.

A number of the Committee have left the Colony and new members are required who will devote their time, energy and interest to the Society. The Committee hope there will be a large attendance at the meeting which will be held on Tuesday, November 29th.

OBITUARY.

TWO FUNERALS AT HAPPY VALLEY.

MISS LETITIA MURRAY.

The death occurred at the French Convent Hospital early yesterday morning of Miss Letitia Julia Murray after a period of indifferent health.

Miss Murray was 23 years of age and a daughter of Mr. P. H. Murray, who died about six weeks ago.

The funeral took place at the Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon, the coffin being carried to the grave by her cousins, Arthur, Stephen, Francis and Reggie Reed. The Rev. Father Augustin officiated at the graveside, assisted by Bishop Valorta.

The chief mourners were Dorothy, May and Evelyn (sisters), Florrie and Arthur Grimmit (sister and brother-in-law), Gladys and Helen Grimmit (nieces), Aunt, Uncle and Auntie Rita, Uncle and Auntie Jeanne.

Amongst many present were Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. Capell, Miss Smith, Mrs. O'Sullivan, Mrs. dos Santos, Sisters, nurses and girls of the French Convent, and Mr. Coles.

Floral Tributes.

Lowered into the grave with the coffin was a wreath from Gladys, Helen, Flo, Dorothy, Edna, Winifred and Sonnie (nieces and nephew). Other wreaths were from Dorothy, May and Evy (sisters), Florrie and Arthur (sister and brother-in-law), Pat and Louise (brother and sister-in-law), Ugo, Gigi and Marie (brother-in-law, nephew and niece), Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Murray (uncle and aunt), Auntie Maggie, Mr. and Mrs. Reed and family (uncle, aunt and cousins).

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. O'Sullivan and family, Mrs. J. E. and Miss E. Allen, Mrs. and Miss McGrann, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, Buddy, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Capell and family, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Green, Mr. and Mrs. T. Lanigan, Mrs. and Miss O'Brien, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Mutton, Captain and Mrs. Jowitt, Mr. and Mrs. Reitan, Mr. and Mrs. Fothergill, Mrs. dos Santos and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. de Souza and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. de Souza and family, Mr. and Mrs. G. Litton and family, Miss Betty de Souza, Mr. and Mrs. J. Schlotte, Mrs. So Hop Yee, Miss Emma Lu, Miss G. Smith.

Mr. W. J. Coles, Mr. D. S. Green, European Revenue Officers' Staff, and Servants.

CAPTAIN H. S. HURLEY.

Another death has to be recorded yesterday, Captain H. S. Hurley, a well known skipper on the China Coast, passing away at the age of 39.

Captain Hurley began his training on the *Conway* and then joined the British India Steam Navigation Company. About twelve years ago he was transferred to the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company and served on several ships, his last command being the s.s. *Chipping*.

About two years ago Captain Hurley left for home, relinquishing his position in the meantime, and on his return to the Colony last month he was taken ill and removed to the Kowloon Hospital, where he expired at 3 o'clock yesterday morning.

Captain Hurley leaves a widow (formerly Miss Goldenberg) and a young son in the Colony, also a brother who is an officer in the China Navigation Company.

The funeral at the Jewish Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday afternoon was attended by a large number of members of the Jewish community and friends. According to custom no wreaths were sent. The ceremony at the graveside was performed by the local Rabbi, Mr. David Gubbay.

SUNDAY'S TYPHOON.

OBSERVATIONS AT HONG KONG OBSERVATORY.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The official report from the Hong Kong Royal Observatory, regarding Sunday's typhoon is as follows:—

A typhoon formed a little to the North of the Paracels in the early morning of November 20th and passed quite near Hong Kong in the afternoon; but had begun to fill up before reaching our latitude.

Between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. conditions favoured the passage of the centre of a typhoon but, fortunately, of one nearly defunct. At 4.30 p.m. the wind veered suddenly from S.E. to West and fell to a dead calm. At 6.10 p.m. a light breeze sprang up from North and varied between N.E. and N.N.W. during the night.

Between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. the wind at Gap Rock chopped from S.E. force 6, to N.W. force 5 and remained so until 10 p.m. when it veered to N.N.W. force 5. By 6 a.m. on the 21st it had further veered to N.E. force 5.

Between noon and 4 p.m. the wind at Macao was North, force 4, while the wind at Hong Kong was from S.S.E. force 3 to 4, a rather alarming state of affairs, indicating a cyclonic circulation around a point between Hong Kong and Macao.

As, however, the barometer at Hong Kong had been rising since 12.30 and at Macao it began to rise at 3 p.m., it was assumed that the danger was not so great as the wind circulation indicated and that, in fact, the typhoon was filling up.

Observations received later indicated that at 5 p.m. there was a cyclonic circulation around a point midway between Hong Kong and Swatow.

The greatest squall velocity at the Observatory was at the rate of 74 m.p.h. at 11.30 and at 12.45. The lowest barometer reading was 29.67 in. at 12.30. The barogram was unusually serrated, resembling the barogram during a succession of violent thunderstorms.

Weather Reports.

A message issued by the Manila Observatory at 10.30 a.m. yesterday announced:—Typhoon in about 127° Long E. 13° Lat. N., inclining northward.

The report from the Royal Observatory, Hong Kong, at 14.55 a.m. yesterday was as follows:—A new anti-cyclone has formed over China. A typhoon has formed between the Pratas and Bashi Channel. Direction of motion is unknown. Another typhoon has formed to the east of the Visayas. It is moving westward. Forecast: N.E. winds, moderate fair.

Some Rain.

The report issued by the Observatory at 5.50 last evening stated:—The anti-cyclone over China has strengthened. Fresh monsoon may be expected along the S.E. coast of China and over the northern portion of the China sea. The typhoon east of Pratas appears to be stationary. The other is about 300 miles E.N.E. of Manila, moving N.N.W. Local forecast: N. winds, fresh cloudy, some rain, cooler.

Typhoon.

Manila, November 21st, 5 p.m.—Typhoon in about 126° Long E. and 15° Lat. N., moving N.W. Typhoon in about 116° Long E. and 20° Lat. N., direction unknown.

TENNIS.

ALL SEATS BOOKED FOR EXHIBITION MATCHES.

All seats, numbering over 500, including the specially erected stand and balcony, have been booked for the exhibition tennis matches to-day, in which Vincent Richards, the American tennis professional, is taking part at the Chinese Recreation Club.

Richards is meeting S. A. Rumjahn, the local champion, and Gordon Lum, the Far Eastern Olympiad player, in singles matches, and possibly there will be a doubles match as well.

CANTON'S "COUP" INTERFERES WITH KUOMINTANG CONFERENCE ARRANGEMENTS.

THE "LEFT WING" OF THE SOUTHERN CAPITAL TELEGRAPH TO WANG CHING WEI.

EAGER TO HAVE CANTON THE KUOMINTANG HEADQUARTERS.

SHANSI STILL REPULSING FENGTIENESE ATTACKS AT CHOCHOW.

In spite of promising indications, all is not going well with the Kuomintang leaders assembled at Shanghai, and the Plenary Session, which was to have begun yesterday, has been postponed indefinitely. The coup in Canton is blamed for the latest rupture.

The "Left Wing" of the Kuomintang at Canton have telegraphed to Wang Ching Wei requesting him to report to Canton regarding the latest development with reference to the 4th Kuomintang Conference. They suggest that the Kuomintang's headquarters should be established at Canton and that the conference should be held there.

Shansi is still defending Chochow despite of Fengtienese attacks.

KUOMINTANG STILL SQUABBLING.

DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN CANTON AND NANKING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Nov. 21st.

The Fourth Plenary Session of the Central Executive Committee and the Central Supervisory Committee of the Kuomintang, fixed for to-day, has been postponed.

EFFECT OF CANTON'S RECENT "COUP."

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Nov. 21st.

Owing to the recent outbreak in Canton, the 4th Kuomintang Conference may not materialise according to plan.

The "Left Wing" of the Kuomintang in Canton have jointly sent a telegram to Mr. Wang Ching Wei requesting him to report to Canton the latest development in connection with the 4th Kuomintang Conference. They propose that the headquarters should be established in Canton in which city the 4th Kuomintang Conference might be called.

General Ho Ying Ching is now in Peking to direct operations northwards. The Southerners' future objective is Hsuehchow.

Owing to lack of ammunition and money, General Chang Tsung Chang and Sun Chuan Fang have decided to concentrate their forces in Taining and if necessary will give up Hsuehchow.

BRITISH SHIPS AGAIN BEING FIRED ON.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

November 20th.

Hankow.—The situation is quiet. British ships are again being fired upon near Chengkin.

SAFETY IN FLYING.

BRITISH AIR MINISTRY AND NEW METHODS.

HOVERING AIR MACHINE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 21st.

The British Air Ministry are devoting special attention to the methods of ensuring safety in flying. Satisfactory tests, made with Handley Page automatic airships, are likely to lead to the speedy adaptation of this device to most types of British aircraft. The Air Ministry have also acquired plans of a hovering air machine known as a helicopter, invented by an Italian engineer named Kitorio Isacco.

A MISSIONARY MURDERED.

GERMAN PRIEST SHOT.

DASTARDLY ACTION BY CHINESE SOLDIERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TIENSIN, Nov. 21st.

While returning to the Kacohlin Mission in North Shansi Father Hermenigilde, a German Catholic Missionary, was accosted by a band of Shansi soldiers, who demanded his overcoat. Hermenigilde protested on account of the bitter cold and asked to be taken to an officer. The soldiers agreed and hustled the Father along. They then shot him dead from behind and afterwards looted the Mission near by.

PRES. CALLES AGAIN CRITICISED.

MORE ALLEGED "FAC SIMILIES."

PECUNIARY ASSISTANCE FOR CHINA'S NATIONALISTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, November 21st.

The latest of a series of articles, accompanied by alleged fac similes of President Calles' documents is published.

The New York American asserts that President Calles ordered the despatch of \$50,000 to the Mexican Minister in Russia for the use of China when the Nationalists were marching on Shanghai.

Earlier Telegrams.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15th.

The Mexican Embassy describes the alleged facsimiles of Mexican documents, mentioned yesterday, as "forgeries which are unworthy of comment."

The New York American in the meantime is publishing further facsimiles alleged to have been issued by President Calles or his subordinates, showing the trend of Mexican policy with regard to Nicaragua.

A cable dated November 14th stated: The New York American reproduces the facsimile of a document purporting to be an order signed by President Calles of Mexico, authorising the payment of 100,000 pesos to Zepeda, for the purchase of arms and ammunition for the Liberal revolutionary army in Nicaragua.

SOVIET'S EGYPTIAN COTTON DEAL.

BRITISH BANK GUARANTEES PAYMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CAIRO, Nov. 20th.

The cotton deal between the Soviet and the Egyptian Governments has been definitely concluded, a British bank guaranteeing payment.

14,000 Bales Involved.

LATER.

Fourteen thousand bales of high quality cotton are reported to be involved in the Egypto-Soviet Agreement.

The Egyptian Government declined to accept the guarantee of a Russian Bank, hence the draft agreement submitted to a London bank whose reply is awaited.

What The Soviets Ask.

It is ascertained that the agreement relates to the purchase of 110,000 kantars of cotton from the Government stocks.

On the subject of the guarantee of \$200,000 the Soviets have asked Lloyd's Bank of London to give a guarantee that the price fixed for good Sakellaris shall be \$4 above the futures' market price, working out at about \$40.50 per kantar.

MYSTERIOUS "MR. X."

LUXURIOUS PRISONER.

APPEARS IN HUNGARIAN BONDS CASE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Nov. 21st.

"Mr. X" appeared in what is called the Hungarian Bonds Case, in which there was an attempt to sell £10,000,000 worth of forged Hungarian securities.

Already there have been 11 arrests including a French Consular official, a Czech-Slovak banker and his son. It is even rumoured that French Parliamentarians may be involved.

It is believed that "Mr. X" conceals the identity of an ex-prefect who was formerly chief secretary to the Minister of Finance. He was treated with the utmost consideration, taken in a private motor car to Sante Prison, where another prisoner was allotted to him as his "batman," which is unprecedented. He was also permitted to sample a costly menu from a neighbouring restaurant instead of prison fare.

Still More Mystery.

LATER.

Although the name of the mysterious personage, arrested in connection with the forged Hungarian bonds, has not been divulged, it is authoritatively stated that he is not the person originally alluded to. Moreover, he is not a high official.

A DEEP WATER HARBOUR.

AT TAKORADI, GOLD COAST COLONY.

COST £3,250,000.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 21st.

It is expected that the great deep water harbour which for the past 5 years has been building at Takoradi, in the Gold Coast Colony of West Africa, will be formally opened to traffic next March. Hitherto, all exports from the Colony have had to be carried down to open roads, and steamers lying sometimes 100 miles out to sea have been loaded from open surf bats and lighters. The new harbour at Takoradi was undertaken at a cost found from the revenue of the Colony of £3,250,000.

THE INDIAN STATUTORY COMMISSION.

COMMISSIONERS NOT TO BE OPPOSED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 20th.

A suggestion has been made that five members of the Indian Commission, who belong to the House of Commons, should, by arrangement between the parties, be unopposed at the General Election.

It is pointed out that, with the difficult and delicate duties devolving upon them, the commissioners will have little opportunity to keep in touch with their constituencies.

The proposal seems certain of adoption.

In Favour Of Boycott.

New Delhi, November 21st. The Punjab Khilafat Committee are unanimously in favour of a boycott of the Statutory Commission, and they are demanding a Plenary Round-Table Conference.

Poona Resolution Favors The Commission. The Punjab Congress Committee has also resolved in favour of a boycott.

On the contrary, a meeting of the depressed classes at Poona adopted a resolution of appreciation of the appointment of an all-European Commission.

GERMAN STEAMER ASHORE.

CHARTERED BY THE K.M.A.

HOLDS LEAKING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Nov. 21st.

The German steamer *Ditmark* of 2,400 tons, chartered by the Kailan Mining Administration with coal from Chinwangtao, is ashore at Amherstrock. Holds 1, 2 and 3 are leaking and tugs are standing by.

RUSSIAN "WHITE" MOVEMENT.

REPRESENTATIVE IN FAR EAST APPOINTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Nov. 21st.

The Grand Duke Nicholas has appointed General Horvath as representative of the "White" Russian Movement in the Far East.

"LIFE OF GEORGE WASHINGTON."

"UNUSUALLY TRUTHFUL."

BUT NOT A HERO TO HIS BIOGRAPHER.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 21st.

The traditional view of George Washington is rudely assailed in the second volume of Rupert Hughes' "Life of Washington," which is now published.

The first volume depicted Washington as an habitual gambler and bon vivant with a practical eye for feminine beauty.

The second volume gives a vivid glimpse of Washington's household at Mount Vernon before the Revolution "with crowded card tables, dancing revels, drinking feasts, oyster parties, excursions to horse races, balls and playhouses—just such a home as is now denounced as the origin of all vice."

According to Mr. Hughes the discipline of the Revolutionary Army was far from perfect. Letters from Washington bitterly complained of the quality of the troops.

Mr. Hughes, however, concedes that Washington was unusually truthful.

THE FRENCH CAPTIVES IN MOROCCO.

HEAVY RANSOMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Nov. 20th.

A message from Casablanca states that it is now revealed that the total ransom paid for the release of six French captives by Moroccan brigands, comprising the St. Eeg party and two Arnaud girls, is between 4,000,000 and 7,000,000.

Two nephews of the Governor General, M. St. Eeg, who were with two ladies on a hunting trip, were captured by brigands last month, and the two young daughters of a French official were later seized and carried off by bandits in the same region.

TURKISH REDS UNDER ARREST.

COMMUNIST AGITATION DISCOVERED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 20th.

Sixty-four Communists have been arrested, as the result of investigations after the discovery of Communist pamphlets being distributed among the workers in tobacco factories.

Several employees of the Arcos company are said to be implicated. A Greek Communist is among the alleged leaders of the movement.

HELPING THE UNEMPLOYED.

A NEW SCHEME UNDER CONSIDERATION.

EMBRACES 12,000,000 WORKERS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 21st.

The Unemployment Insurance Board, based on the recommendations of the Committee which, under Lord Blanesborough, recently investigated the whole problem with particular reference to finance, of a scheme now embracing some 12,000,000 work people, will be considered in the House of Commons to-day, and to-morrow and Wednesday have also been set aside for discussing the measure.

The scheme is on a contributory basis to which employers, workers and State are all contributors. New rates of contribution and benefit are proposed and the bill and a further amendment have now been advanced by Government whereby further alterations to benefit are put forward.

Under the existing scheme there is a dividing line at the age of 18 between adults and boys and girls. The adult unemployed man receives 18s. weekly and adult women 15s. while a boy between 16 and 18 gets 7s. 6d. and girl between 16 and 18 years 6s. In the present Bill it is proposed that a man shall receive 17s. and a woman 15s. a young man from 18 to 21 years 10s. and a young woman from 18 to 21 years 8s. and a boy from 16 to 18 years 8s. and a girl from 16 to 18 years 5s.

The Government amendment is a concession to the demand that there should be a graduated scale for persons over 18 and under 21 and it provides that benefits to the unemployed young man should advance to 10s. at 18 years to 12s. at 17 years and to 14s. at 20 years.

Women's benefits, advanced proportionally. Apart from the amount of benefits and contributions, it is probable that much interest during the debate on the Bill will be concentrated in the unofficial Conservative amendment for providing better arrangements for vocational training of young unemployed persons.

RADIO CONFERENCE.

JAPAN AND BRITAIN OPPOSE.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION CLAUSE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20th.

The International Radio Conference adopted a resolution in favour of a compulsory arbitration clause.

Great Britain and Japan opposed it.

Thus a United States agreement is for the first time foreshadowed in connection with a treaty providing unconditional compulsory arbitration.

The Conference also approved of the Committee's scheme of allocation of wave-lengths among radio services, which is the chief problem confronting the Conference.

Earlier messages stated:—

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11th.

A plenary session of the International Radio Conference, under the chairmanship of Mr. H. Hoover, has ratified the 18 articles of the new Radio Convention specifying the procedure to be adopted for communication between land and ship stations, including the rules for licensing stations and safeguards against interference in distress calls from ships.

The Belgian delegate intimated that Belgium was willing to hold the Telegraphic Conference in Brussels in 1928 instead of 1930.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20th.

Reversing their previous attitude the American delegation to the International Radio Conference have agreed to the inclusion of an unconditional compulsory arbitration clause for the settlement of any international dispute arising.

The Radio Convention delegation last week favoured the existence of an optional arbitration clause, the Government up to now in Treaties and Conventions stipulating that arbitration must always be excepted from disputes involving national honour and independence.

LONG-DISTANCE FLIGHT.

AIRMEN'S TERRIBLE ORDEAL.

2,800 MILES IN 24 HOURS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, Nov. 20th.

The two British airmen, Captain McIntosh and Mr. Bert Hinkler, who left England on Tuesday on a non-stop flight to India, were decimated by terrible weather after they had flown approximately 2,800 miles in 24 hours.

According to a message from the airmen reproduced by the *Sunday Times*, neither had ever experienced such trying conditions.

After passing Flushing on Tuesday night, they spent twelve hours battling with a snow blizzard in complete darkness, the machine being so heavily bumped that control was frequently lost, and only regained when the altimeter showed they were dangerously close to the ground.

During the night they found themselves among mountains, and flew up and down a valley waiting for dawn, to show a clear course. Daylight came with a heavy fog, extending 8,000 feet high. They rose above this, and reset their course for India, and in intense cold, with the machine covered with ice, continued in the appalling flying conditions for another three hours.

They estimated that they were then near Astrakhan, but here about conditions were so bad that they decided to return, and that evening at dusk were flying over a desolate part of Polish countryside, searching for a suitable landing-place.

They descended successfully on a ploughed field near Podhajec, and had difficulty in establishing their identity until an interpreter arrived.

On Friday, they attempted to fly to Warsaw, but the weather again became impossible, and a descent was made on a snow-covered field near Lemberg. They landed perfectly, but ran into a ditch concealed by snow, damaging the machine, which is, however, being repaired.

A FORECAST.

DEVELOPMENT OF FLYING.

LONDON TO NEW YORK IN 24 HOURS.

REGULAR SERVICES.

LONDON, Nov. 1st.

"To New York in 24 hours." Electric signs blazoning forth this message will be common sights in London 500 years from now according to F. M. Dougall, former squadron leader in the Royal Air Force, who, in an article published here recently, prophesied that London will be the biggest airport in the world. The four mile expanse of the Thames River between Blackfriars and Chelsea bridges will be free of obstacles according to Dougall, and the river converted into a landing place for seaplanes.

"A fleet of forty airplanes, with motors of 8,000 horse-power each, capable of carrying one hundred passengers, will be buoyed in the water along its banks," writes Dougall. "People will flock through the custom office at the head of the landing stage, with the walk bearing huge advertisements 'To New York in twenty four hours.'"

Passengers, he claims will flock on board and seek their berths exactly the same as they did fifty years ago at the birth of Atlantic liners. The upper deck will be a promenade, enclosed in glass, stretching from one end of the plane to the other.

He predicted that people will be able to pass through aisles from one cabin to another. Saloon cabins will be on the lower-deck, underneath the kitchens and quarters for the crew and staff, will be beneath and lowest of all the engine room.

"If two of the motors fail to function," he continued "the power developed would be sufficient to carry the airplane to its next landing place."

The cumbersome suit, with the fur-lined boots, fur-trimmed helmets and goggles will be gone. The captain's uniform will be that of a sea captain. The foremost part of the airplane will be partitioned off forming a navigating-room, where the navigating officers and pilot can keep watch ahead. The chief engineer will be responsible for the engines, and he will be relieved by the navigator when the plotting of his charts are necessary. It will be equipped with a dial giving the altitude, air-speed and the time, and a red star on a chart of the Atlantic giving the position of the airplane as it races into space, with the average speed of 145 miles an hour.

"The rivers will be natural landing places, either by roofing to make a vast open space or, by the removal of bridges."—*Manila Times*.

THE INTERPORT MATCH (CONTD.).

FLUCTUATING FORTUNE.

SHANGHAI COLLAPSE IN SECOND INNINGS.

HONG KONG'S UP-HILL FIGHT.

140 RUNS TO WIN WITH 9 WICKETS IN HAND.

[By R. ABBIT.]

All those keen on cricket in Hong Kong must have looked very anxiously from their windows yesterday morning. It was a bit grey but to the delight of all it turned to a bright sunny morning. As I anticipated the ground was very little damaged—(could it be!)—and at a quarter after eleven cricket was possible. It soon appeared that most of the vice was out of the pitch though it was none too easy. It was almost impossible to forecast what it would become during the day.

The weather, however clouded about five time and the impression left on one's mind is that Sunday's storm was a real blessing which transformed a positively "man-eating" wicket into one which was merely difficult.

THE PLAY.

Shanghai went out at 11.15 a.m. and Hankey and Goodwin batted. The latter faced Allison and cheered the spectators by hitting his first ball to square leg and his last straight ball for four. Unfortunately, Hankey put Leach's third ball to Hegarty at backward square leg and the fieldman made no mistake. 6 for 10. The placing of the field was uncommonly good.

Goodwin got two to extra-coverage off Allison's next over but played inside the last ball and was bowled. Pearce came in to play a maiden but it was rather a nasty one. He just failed to hit the ball far enough to square leg or he might have been caught, while off the last one he might possibly have been taken at point, but it was a very low and difficult chance. It soon became evident that though not easy the pitch was going to be much more like a wicket and much less like the "Witching Waves" than it had been on Saturday. Pearce continued to bat beautifully and had a fine extra-coverage drive and two pretty glances to long leg. He had taken his score to 55 before he was bowled by Rawsthorne with what appeared to be a full toss which swung late. This was a disastrous set back for the home side.

There were some exciting moments after. The 150 went up off a snick by Dobbie off Rawsthorne which Quayle failed to catch. It was very quick and low. Next over Dobbie was missed at silly mid-off from Ollerdesen, and then Rawsthorne bowled Pearce's off stump. The ball, which appeared to swing from leg, hit the batsman's first foot. Wales came in and hit the last ball of the over to long-leg for four. He defended gamely but Dobbie found the bowling too good to hit and was caught behind the bowler by Leach the first time he had a dip at Ollerdesen who had bowled uncommonly well.

The total of 160 was rather disappointing as things looked none too bad when Pearce and Brace were together. Full credit, however, must be given to Rawsthorne who bowled really finely.

SHANGHAI'S SECOND KNOCK.

At 12.30 Stokes and Madar came out to face Dobbie and Wales at their usual ends. Dobbie started with a maiden and evidently had some difficulty with his foothold. Probably the roller had brought up some of the moisture to the surface. After three overs—with one run scored by Madar they came in for time.

After Time.

Two runs were scored from Wales' first over and then off Dobbie's fourth ball Madar snicked one which appeared to hit Pearce's gloves (or pads)—I could not see from the Pavilion) and Dale took him smartly at first slip—the decision going against the batsman. Donald Leach came in and hit his first ball for four to extra coverage.

A spell of very quiet cricket ensued. Wales at this period was bowling uncommonly well and had bowled 6 overs for 10 runs. Uncommonly good for a dead slow bowler. Then one of the most curious incidents, of which I have ever heard, occurred. It seemed from the scoring box that Leach was brilliantly taken at point by Dale. But there was a check somewhere. The batsman's account is that he was playing the ball cut late and, as he swung back to cut, his bat got mixed up with Pearce's gloves well behind the wicket. This checked his shot, but unluckily for him, did not stop it. On the spur

of the moment he appealed and was given out. Personally I think the decision was correct as it is a "rub of the green" in no way provided for by the rules. But I am not inclined to be dogmatic about it.

With Quayle in things went better for Shanghai, and Stokes played really fine cricket. At 55 he appeared to give an exceedingly difficult chance to mid-off but as it was a full-blooded drive sweeping towards the off and coming ankle high, it would have been a wonderful catch. At 55 Quayle was l.b.w. to Brace. He seemed a bit surprised to find he was out.

Barrett then came in and started cautiously, treating Wales (who had seen up Quayle completely) with considerable respect. Things went very slowly to 61 when Barrett got a shade inside one of Brace's and Hankey at second slip fell forward at full length on his face and brought off a brilliant catch, the catch of the match to date. (61-4-6).

Rawsthorne got a pretty pair of fours off Wales on coming in, both through the covers, though the second one should have been saved. Wales then went off after bowling 17 overs on end for 31 runs and one wicket—a very fine performance for a bowler of his pace. Hankey went on and off the fourth ball of his first over Rawsthorne drove him straight back—a Gehenna of a beat—and the bowler brought off a second spectacular catch inside ten minutes. (8 for 72.) Meanwhile Stokes was playing beautiful cricket. He has a particularly nice "pushed" drive to mid-wicket off anything pitched along the carpet. At which goes all along the carpet. At 76, Rawsthorne took the top of his leg stump with a magnificent ball. His 43 was a really fine knock. (8 for 76).

Hegarty and Allison then began to beat the ball, and the former played some very nice shots but at 90 he was magnificent stumped by Pearce off Hankey. (7 for 90.) Ollerdesen seemed to be in for another defensive innings but after having most of the bowling for a few overs he was taken close in by Wales at point off Brace. (8 for 95.) One run later Isaacs skied the ball from Hankey and Dale raced across from slip and took the ball with his back to the wicket—a catch that might easily have been dropped even by an experienced field.

With only one more run added Allison had a tremendous beat at Brace and was bowled. All out for 97 and a brilliant performance by the home team, and especially on the part of Hankey, Brace and Dale for his holding.

The Final Innings.

Excitement ruled high when Hong Kong at 3.30 p.m. opened their second innings having scored 202 to win. Hayward and Fincher opened to Isaacs (Law Courts end) and Rawsthorne. Neither batsman very properly took risks. Fincher got a couple of nice fours to long leg and at 18 Barrett substituted Leach for Rawsthorne with Ollerdesen at the other end. Each opened with a maiden. Fincher survived two appeals for l.b.w. and one for run out in the first 20 runs. At 23 there was another appeal and I shrewdly suspect he got the benefit of the doubt. At 29 Allison went on for Leach. At 40 Hayward—who had been batting very carefully had a go at one of Ollerdesen's which seemed to come in and bowled him off his pad. He had scored one 2, and fifteen singles.

Then for forty minutes ensued a grim spell of cricket. Shanghai bowled like the very devil and Fincher and Brace defended like associated demons. Twenty-two runs were added, and no wicket fell, but there was a gasp of relief from the Hong Kong supporters when the last ball was bowled.

Hong Kong thus require 140 to win with 9 wickets to fall.

Review.

Personally, I can only go back 15 years in Interport Cricket, but I am convinced that yesterday's game showed the most varied shades of fortune that I have ever seen here, and those who go back much further than I do would go back years further. We were rather the underdog at the start. Goodwin gave us heart by getting a couple of fours off the first over. Then he and Hankey were out together. Again, with 140 on the board and Pearce and Brace going fairly, it seemed we might well come near Shanghai's total. Then Brace and Pearce were out and shortly after we were all out and 164 runs down.

The Wicket.

The wicket had rolled out pretty easy though it showed signs of getting worse, and in the second knock of Shanghai it seemed difficult, though the ball did not get up unduly. The home side brought off a really fine performance to cut Shanghai out for 97 on what was, to my mind, an easier pitch than that on which they had made 280. Stokes alone, by very fine cricket, upheld his side from utter collapse. Brace bowled excellently after rather a shaky start and he was finely backed up by Wales and Hankey and by some very fine catching by Dale and Hankey.

Barrett Out.

The turning point came when Hankey flung himself forward to take Barrett at second slip. After that Hong Kong definitely got their tails up. The result left us with 202 to get to win at 3.30 p.m. It was an excellent position compared with that at the end of play on Saturday—but it still was full of danger. We still had to face that last half hour.

Pitch Improves.

As far as one could see the wicket has played better in the fourth innings than at any time previously. Fincher and Hayward wisely took no chances, and it was only after 30 minutes play that the latter was bowled. Thereafter Fincher and Brace shut their teeth and stopped there. Now, it is anyone's game. We want 140 to win with 9 wickets in hand and shall not have to monkey about with our batting order.

Outstanding Players.

For Shanghai Rawsthorne and Ollerdesen bowled really well in the morning and the latter did so in the evening though I think he would have done better to mix them a bit with some bad stuff. Leach was always dangerous.

For Hong Kong Wales' figures do not fairly represent his use to the side. He bowled really well, as did Hankey and Brace, while the side fielded excellently. It was sheer good catching that put them out for 97.

Our Batting.

Hayward and Fincher, as I have said, played just the right game and Brace followed their example. It must be many a long year since he batted 40 minutes for five but it was absolutely right himself and it is with the greatest pleasure that I make the amende honorable. I have always said, and I think fairly, that he had not the temperament for a big game. Now he has disproved this. Twice he has batted at a nerve-racking moment, once when Brace retired hurt and once when once more the victory seemed possible if we could see out the evening. Each time he has done well; the second time brilliantly. Whatever happens he must play against Malaya and I can see one or two clear vacancies, provided that Hunt can play.

At the end of play things are most interesting. Hong Kong have a very good chance and almost all turns on the first half hour tomorrow morning. A great match.

A Point Of Law.

The way in which Leach was out has provided a great topic of conversation to the cricket lawyers. He cut Wales very late and was caught at point. Indisputably he hit the wicket-keeper's gloves. Equally indisputably, those gloves were behind the wicket. He thinks his bat was hampered by the gloves before he struck the ball. Several others who should know say he played the ball gloves. To my mind, bearing in mind the extraordinary pace that the ball travelled in a legitimate position behind the sticks it was "a rub of the green" and he was out. He should have appealed to the square by umpire, but if it is any consolation to him, his decision would have undoubtedly been adverse. Any way, it's all in the game.

R. ABBIT.

First Innings of Shanghai.

D. W. Leach, b Brace	20
P. Madar, c Pearce, b Dobbie	1
J. A. Quayle, c Dale, b Dobbie	0
L. F. Stokes, c Dale, b Brace	0
Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, c Ramsey, b Brace	146
T. L. Rawsthorne, b Hankey	8
J. T. Hegarty, b Brace	0
H. W. Allison, c Goodwin, b Hankey	23
C. E. Ollerdesen, c Pearce, b Hankey	10
J. A. Isaacs, c Dobbie, b Hankey	5
E. G. Barnes, not out	1
Extras: byes 21, leg-byes 3	24
Total	280

Fall of wickets:—1 for 23; 2 for 27; 3 for 40; 4 for 68; 5 for 83; 6 for 84; 7 for 133; 8 for 215; 9 for 237; 10 for 280.

Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W.	
Capt. A. G. Dobbie	20 6 33 2
C. D. Wales	10 3 20 0
Lieut. J. B. A. Hankey	21 6 85 4
W. Brace	17 6 47 0
F. Goodwin	12 1 45 0
Each bowled 1 wide.	

First Innings of Hong Kong.

A. W. Hayward, b Allison	44
W. Brace, b Rawsthorne	58
E. C. Fincher, c Barrett, b Allison	17
A. W. Ramsey, c Hegarty, b Leach	3
G. R. Sayer, c and b Leach	0
Lieut. J. H. Dale, R.N.	2
L. F. Stokes, b Leach	0
Lieut. J. B. A. Hankey, c O.S.B., c Hegarty, b Leach	0
F. Goodwin, b Allison	10
T. E. Pearce, b Rawsthorne	5
Capt. A. G. Dobbie, c Leach, b Ollerdesen	7
C. D. Wales, not out	4
Extras: byes 4, leg byes 2	6
Total	158

Fall of wickets:—1 for 97; 2 for 100; 3 for 100; 4 for 102; 5 for 103; 6 for 110; 7 for 112; 8 for 141; 9 for 150; 10 for 158.
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Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W.	
J. A. Isaacs	9 3 31 0
D. W. Leach	19 5 43 4
C. E. Ollerdesen	12 2 20 1
T. L. Rawsthorne	12 2 23 2
H. W. Allison	8 2 26 3

Second Innings of Shanghai.

L. F. Stokes, b Brace	43
P. Madar, c Dale, b Dobbie	1
D. W. Leach, c Dale, b Wales	8
J. A. Quayle, l.b.w., b Brace	3
Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, c Hankey, b Brace	8
T. L. Rawsthorne, c and b Hankey	9
J. T. Hegarty, st. Pearce, b Hankey	13
H. W. Allison, b Brace	5
C. E. Ollerdesen, c Wales, b Brace	4
J. A. Isaacs, c Dale, b Hankey	0
E. G. Barnes, not out	0
Extras: byes 5	5
Total	97

Fall of wickets:—1 for 3; 2 for 32; 3 for 35; 4 for 61; 5 for 72; 6 for 78; 7 for 90; 8 for 95; 9 for 98; 10 for 97.
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Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W.	
Capt. A. G. Dobbie	9 4 19 1
C. D. Wales	17 4 32 5
W. Brace	13 1 4 31
Lieut. J. B. A. Hankey	5 0 12 3

Second Innings of Hong Kong.

A. W. Hayward, b Ollerdesen	17
W. Brace, not out	38
E. C. Fincher, not out	5
W. Brace, not out	2
Extras: byes 2	2
Total (by 1 wicket)	62

Fall of wickets:—1 for 40.

Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W.	
J. A. Isaacs	3 2 8 0
T. L. Rawsthorne	3 4 8 0
D. W. Leach	10 4 23 1
C. E. Ollerdesen	11 4 23 1
H. W. Allison	3 1 2 0
L. F. Stokes	3 1 8 0
J. A. Quayle	1 1 0 0

UNITED SERVICES MALAYA.

Immediately after the termination of the match to-day, Malaya will meet the United Services, whose team is as follows:—

Capt. A. G. Dobbie (capt.)	
Lieut. J. H. Dale, R.N.	
Lieut. J. B. A. Hankey, K.O.S.B.	
Capt. Thorp, K.O.S.B.	
Capt. Morris, I.A.S.C.	
Capt. Erskine, Scots Guards	
Capt. Graham	
Rev. R. T. Venn, R.N.	
Group-Capt. Robertson, R.A.F.	
Lieut. Comdr. Thomson, R.N.	

Reserves:—Lieut. Comdr. Shaw, R.N.C. Bridge, R.A.C.S. Pte. Lake, R.A.O.C.

RACE MIXTURE.

NOT DREADFUL.

KIPLING'S FAMOUS DICTUM CRITICISED.

One of the most horrible sentences ever penned in Professor Griffith-Taylor's opinion, is that of Kipling's: "East is East and West is West, and never the twain shall meet." In a lecture on "Problems of the Far East" given in Sydney, Professor Griffith-Taylor, with the help of lantern slides, gave a rapid ethnological survey of the coloured races bordering on the Pacific, and indicated their domestic and international problems. The rest of all the problems, he said, was the need for elbow room.

There were 800,000,000 human beings on the earth in 1890, and 100 years later that figure had doubled. One-ninth of the world's population was coloured and was governed by coloured people, one-third was composed of white races who governed themselves, and the remaining five-ninths consisted of coloured races living under the rule of white peoples. Friction and a large measure of discontent were the inevitable result.

(Continued on next Column.)

FANLING HUNT.

ENTRIES FOR THE DECEMBER 3rd MEETING.

The entries for the Fanling Hunt meeting which will take place on Saturday, December 3rd, are as follows:—

Race 1.—3.15 p.m.—Hunters' Arms: About One Mile.

For China ponies that have never won a steeplechase.

Mr. M. M. Maas, Caviare; Mrs. Dyer, Yorks; Mr. F. Usher and Dr. L. Reidy, Macao Beauty; Mr. F. Usher, Loongwa and Warrington; Mr. F. A. Pollock, Bill Brewer and Alhambra; Messrs. Dyer and Beith, Loch Rannoch; Messrs. A. V. Hackett-Pain and G. M. M. Morgan, Chung-ka-kau; Mr. M. M. Watson, Blotting Paper; Mr. R. J. Patterson, Scooter and Humdinger; Mr. J. K. Bousfield, Titmouse; Dr. J. Durran, Drake; Mr. W. T. Stanton, Red Leaves; Mr. W. T. Stanton and Dr. L. Reidy, San Diego and Taree.

Race 2.—United Services Heavy-weight Race: About 7 Furlongs.

For China ponies, to be ridden by officers of H.M. Forces or members of the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps.

Mr. M. M. Maas, More Better; Mr. F. A. Pollock, Bill Brewer and Alhambra; Mr. M. M. Watson, Vincent; Col. L. G. Bird, Smart Guy; Mr. H. C. Macnamara, James Pigg; Mr. R. H. Start, Foxtro; Dr. Pierce-Grove, Two Step; Dr. Durran, Drake; Capt. G. H. R. Abbott, Shot 3.

Race 3.—Autumn Plate: About 2 Miles.

Mr. J. J. Patterson, Deer Hound; Mr. M. M. Maas, More Better; Mrs. Dyer, Yorks; Mr. L. Reidy, Mowgli; Mr. F. Usher and Dr. L. Reidy, Macao Beauty; Mr. F. Usher, Loongwa and Warrington and Easter Day; Messrs. Dyer and Beith, Loch Rannoch; Mrs. R. J. Patterson, Scooter, Humdinger and Cheriton Vale; Mr. W. T. Stanton, Race Horse, Craigavard and Red Leaves; Mr. W. T. Stanton and Dr. L. Reidy, Taree and San Diego.

Race 4.—November Handicap: About 1 1/2 Miles.

Mr. J. J. Patterson, Deer Hound; Mr. M. M. Maas, Caviare; Mrs. Dyer, Yorks; Mr. F. Usher and Dr. L. Reidy, Macao Beauty; Dr. L. Reidy, Mowgli; Mr. F. Usher and Dr. L. Reidy, Macao Beauty; Mr. F. Usher, Loongwa and Warrington and Easter Day; Mr. F. A. Pollock, Bill Brewer and Alhambra; Messrs. Dyer and Beith, Loch Rannoch; Messrs. A. V. Hackett-Pain and G. M. M. Morgan, Chung-ka-kau; Mr. M. M. Watson, Vincent and Blotting Paper; Mrs. R. J. Patterson, Humdinger, Scooter and Cheriton Vale; Mr. J. K. Bousfield, Titmouse; Mr. W. T. Stanton, Craigavard and Race Horse; Mr. W. T. Stanton and Dr. L. Reidy, San Diego and Taree; Col. L. G. Bird, Smart Guy; Mr. H. C. Macnamara, James Pigg; Mr. R. H. Start, Foxtro; Dr. Pierce-Grove, Two Step; Capt. G. H. R. Abbott, Shot 3.

Race 5.—Consolation Race: About 7 Furlongs.

Mr. J. J. Patterson, Deer Hound; Mr. M. M. Maas, Caviare and More Better; Mrs. Dyer, Yorks; Dr. L. Reidy, Mowgli; Mr. F. Usher and Dr. L. Reidy, Macao Beauty; Mr. F. Usher, Loongwa and Warrington and Easter Day; Mr. F. A. Pollock, Bill Brewer and Alhambra; Messrs. Dyer and Beith, Loch Rannoch; Messrs. A. V. Hackett-Pain and G. M. M. Morgan, Chung-ka-kau; Mr. M. M. Watson, Vincent and Blotting Paper; Mrs. R. J. Patterson, Humdinger, Scooter and Cheriton Vale; Mr. J. K. Bousfield, Titmouse; Mr. W. T. Stanton, Craigavard and Race Horse; Mr. W. T. Stanton and Dr. L. Reidy, San Diego and Taree; Col. L. G. Bird, Smart Guy; Mr. H. C. Macnamara, James Pigg; Mr. R. H. Start, Foxtro; Dr. Pierce-Grove, Two Step; Capt. G. H. R. Abbott, Shot 3.

The consequences of a mixture of races were not as dreadful, the lecturer went on to say, as people generally supposed. There was an extraordinary mixture of races in Hawaii, and yet the people there lived in pretty well as much harmony as people lived elsewhere.

Some remarkable ethnological truths were learned by a study of the people of Hawaii, not the least important being the fact that the half-caste Hawaiian and Chinese were superior intellectually and socially to either parent. He had seen in a Hawaiian school a girl whose blood was a mixture of Hawaiian, Chinese, German, Norwegian, and Irish inheritances. Yet judged by European standards, the girl was of quite average type, morally, socially, and intellectually.

Racial problems of the Pacific, Professor Griffith-Taylor declared, should not be left to untrained minds of alarmist tendencies, but should be dealt with by trained ethnologists who were capable of unbiased judgments and able to sift the truth. The problems were of vital importance to Australia, for they lay at her doors, he said, and proceeded to show a slide illustrating the distribution of population in Eastern Asia, and indicating a small proportion in the regions having a low rainfall. "If the Chinese can't populate such a region," he remarked, "I don't see how Australians are going to populate similar regions in Australia."

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Your Baby's future health depends on your choice of his food. You must choose the food you know is best, for you dare not endanger your Baby's progress by experimenting.

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or when he cuts his first tooth, add a little Glaxo Malted Food to his Glaxo. This will provide the best means of accustoming Baby, gradually and naturally, to taking more solid food. O brains! where you buy Glaxo.

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INTERPORT SHOOTING.

PRACTICE SHOOT AND SELECTION.

Sunday's practice shoot, arranged for Sunday having to be cancelled on account of rain and bad weather, one is being held on Thursday at Taikeo Rifle Range, at 2 p.m. sharp.

Twenty of the best shots have been asked to take part, and following the shoot the selection committee will choose the Interport team. Fourteen men will be selected for the Interport of whom twelve will shoot, the other two being reserves. Out of the twelve the ten best scores will count.

The Interport shoot will take place on Sunday afternoon next, weather permitting, and a practice shoot for the selected team will be held on Saturday afternoon at Taikeo.

All those firing at the preliminary practice on Thursday have scored over 90 at various times, and it is the opinion of the committee that although Shanghai scored 945, Hong Kong has every chance of beating this total. Singapore, it is believed, are also shooting this week.

The competition has now been in existence for 37 years, and has been competed for 99 years. Out of 29 matches, Hong Kong have won 19, Singapore 9 and Shanghai 8. Shanghai won the last two matches in 1925 and 1926.

The trophy is held for one year by the winning team. The firing is done at 500 yards range, 500 and 600 yards, deliberate fire under the King's Prize first stage conditions.

The Possibles.

The following are the twenty shots who have been asked to attend the practice shoot on Thursday:

R.S.M. Murray, 2nd Bn. Scots Guards (83, 91); C.S.M. Proven, 2nd Bn. Scots Guards (87, 94, 95, 92); Sergt. Slater, 2nd Bn. Scots Guards (80, 81, 83, 84); Sergt. Quinn, 2nd Bn. Scots Guards (90, 91, 92); Mr. W. E. Cook, Dockyard Rifle Club (93, 91, 90, 96); Mr. F. Young, Dockyard Rifle Club (89, 91, 88, 93); Mr. T. Swan, Taikeo Rifle Club (85, 82); Mr. C. Summers, Taikeo Rifle Club (88); Mr. M. Wallace, Taikeo Rifle Club (82, 82, 90, 85); Pte. Leahy, 1st Bn. Queen's (85); A.B. Gallienne, Royal Air Force (85, 89, 82, 89); A.B. Carl, H.M.S. Argus (81); Mr. Barber, H.M.S. Argus (90); Cpl. Willott, H.M.S. Argus (83, 83); Ldg. Tel. Wilkins, H.M.S. Argus (87); P.O. Wells, Range Staff (84); A.B. Hoare, H.M.S. Troquois (84); Mr. F. C. Goodman, H.V.D.C. (84); Mr. Booker, H.K. Police.

(The figures in parenthesis denote scores obtained at recent practice shoots.)

YACHTING.

THIRD CHAMPIONSHIP RACE.

The results of Saturday's third championship race for the racing yachts were as follows:—

Course:—Lyemun Beacon (P), Kowloon Rocks (P), Mark on Line (P), Channel Rocks (S). Distance, 9.4 miles.

"H" Class.		
	Finishing	Corrected
	Time.	Time.
Diana H.1	4.26.15	4.24.41
Argulla H.7	4.38.00	4.25.02
Colleen H.2	4.38.04	4.28.14
Rolla H.3	4.28.18	4.28.19
Dorothea H.9 ...	4.39.38	4.30.12
La Linda H.5 ...	5.02.08	4.57.03



"Bon Voyage"— It is Assured

Noted the world around for their exceptional luxury and comfort, the giant President Liners of the American Mail and Dollar Steamship Lines are preferred by experienced and discriminating travelers.

The magnificent President Liners are broad of beam and exceptionally steady. All oil burners, swift express liners. The public rooms are luxuriously appointed and inviting. All staterooms are outside, splendidly furnished and equipped with beds—noce berths. Each room has hot and cold running water, also fans, wardrobe, thermos bottles and reading lamps. Private bath and showers in connection with many rooms perfect the travel comfort of these giant passenger liners. The Cuisine is world famous. The deliciously prepared menus will delight you. And how the orchestra adds zest to your dining. The decks are spacious. The Glass-enclosed Promenade always popular. Deck sports, open air swimming pool, movies, evening dances—everything has been done to make your trip a happy one. Unexcelled anywhere—the courteous and efficient service accorded you by the trained personnel aboard the President Liners. The great frequency of sailings and the liberal stopover privileges of the Dollar Steamship and American Mail Lines have made these giant passenger liners outstandingly popular among travelers.

WEEKLY TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

To SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES	To SEATTLE and VICTORIA
The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays	The Short, Straight Route to America Fortnightly sailings on Wednesdays
Pres. Lincoln...Tues., Nov. 22nd, 6 p.m.	Pres. Grant...Thurs., Nov. 24th
Pres. Madison...Tues., Dec. 5th	Pres. Cleveland...Wed., Nov. 30th
Pres. Jackson...Tues., Dec. 20th	Pres. Wilson...Sun., Jan. 29th, 6 a.m.
Pres. McKinley...Tues., Jan. 3rd	Pres. Taft...Wed., Dec. 28th

Special Through Rates to Europe, via United States, \$120, \$112.
Direct connections with all Atlantic lines. Choice of railway lines across United States and Canada, with liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

To EUROPE and NEW YORK ROUND THE WORLD

Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays via Manila, Seattle, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, Boston and New York.	
Pres. Adams...Sun., Dec. 4th, 8 a.m.	Pres. Monroe...Sun., Jan. 15th, 8 a.m.
Pres. Garfield...Sun., Dec. 18th, 8 a.m.	Pres. Wilson...Sun., Jan. 29th, 6 a.m.
Pres. Harrison...Sun., Jan. 1st, 6 a.m.	Pres. Van Buren...Sun., Feb. 12th

To MANILA

Pres. Cleveland...Nov. 22nd, 6 p.m.	Pres. Pierce...Dec. 6th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Madison...Nov. 28th, 6 p.m.	Pres. Jackson...Dec. 12th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Adams...Dec. 4th, 6 a.m.	Pres. Garfield...Dec. 18th, 6 p.m.

For Bookings, Passenger and Freight Information Apply to
Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank Building, Ground Floor
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Dollar Steamship Line and American Mail Line

THE S.S. "PRESIDENT GRANT"

The s.s. "PRESIDENT GRANT"
will sail for Seattle, via
Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama,
and Victoria on Thursday,
November 24th, at Noon.

AUSTRAL-CHINA NAVIGATION CO.

S.S. "CALULU"

Sailing on or about

20th DECEMBER, 1927.

For BRISBANE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE & ADELAIDE
via MANILA, ILOILO, KOLAMBOGAN, BALIKPAPAN,
SAMARAI and RABAU.

Steamer offers good Refrigerated Cargo Space.

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HONG KONG HANSARD RE-
PRINTS OF THE MEETING
OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
for the Session 1928.

Revised by Members.

PRICE ... 3s.

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

American Mail and Dollar Lines.

President Cleveland, to-day.

Australian-Oriental Line.

Changteh, Dec. 8th.

Taiiping, Jan. 7th.

Bank Line.

City of Osaka, Nov. 27th.

City of Peking, Dec. 8th.

City of Madras, Jan. 21st.

Blue Funnel Line.

Machao, Nov. 28th.

Achilles, Dec. 5th.

Memnon, Dec. 6th.

Cyclone, Dec. 7th.

Pyrrhus, Dec. 10th.

Antenor, Dec. 15th.

Tydeus, Dec. 25th.

Ision, Dec. 30th.

Perseus, Jan. 1st.

Myrmidon, Jan. 4th.

Rhezenor, Jan. 8th.

Hector, Jan. 12th.

Protesilaus, Jan. 17th.

Philoctetes, Jan. 27th.

Nelus, Jan. 31st.

British-India and Apcar Line.

Tilawa, this morning.

Talma, Dec. 5th.

Canadian Pacific Line.

Empress of Canada, this morning.

Empress of Russia, Dec. 7th.

Dodwell & Co.

Lancaster Castle, to-morrow.

Wray Castle, Dec. 3rd.

Reno, Dec. 8th.

Calulu, Dec. 13th.

Corby Castle, Jan. 1st.

East Asiatic Co., Copenhagen.

Malaya, Nov. 25th.

Kina, Dec. 4th.

Java, Jan. 15th.

Eastern and Australian Lines.

Tanda, Nov. 29th.

St. Albans, Dec. 5th.

Avafura, Jan. 2nd.

Glen Line.

Pembroke, Nov. 29th.

Gleniffer, Dec. 8th.

Glenogle, Dec. 22nd.

Glenaida, Jan. 12th.

Glenamoy, Jan. 22nd.

Hamburg-America Line and

Hugo Stinnes Linien.

Ermland, Nov. 30th.

Fogland, Dec. 14th.

Ramers, Dec. 19th.

Albert Vogler, Dec. 31st.

Oldenburg, Jan. 12th.

Adolf von Baeyer, Jan. 28th.

Holland East Asia Line.

Zoema, Dec. 13th.

Oosterk, Jan. 10th.

Java-China-Japan Lijn.

Tylandari, Nov. 24th.

Typanas, Nov. 25th.

Tygarua, Nov. 28th.

Tytkini, Dec. 5th.

Tytkarua, Dec. 5th.

Tytkibang, Dec. 8th.

Tytkiwang, Dec. 18th.

Tytkialat, Dec. 19th.

Messageries Maritimes.

Min, to-day.

Paul Lecat, to-day.

Sphinx, to-day.

Andre Lebon, Dec. 7th.

Chenoneau, Dec. 21st.

Anger, Jan. 4th.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Mishima Maru, to-day.

Shinyo Maru, to-day.

Awa Maru, to-morrow.

Wakasa Maru, to-morrow.

Mito Maru, Nov. 24th.

Muroran Maru, Nov. 28th.

Kitano Maru, Nov. 28th.

Yamaguchi Maru, Nov. 29th.

Lushan Maru, Dec. 1st.

Moji Maru, Dec. 1st.

Enshu Maru, Dec. 2nd.

Bakuryu Maru, Dec. 5th.

Siberia Maru, Dec. 5th.

Asuka Maru, Dec. 8th.

Dakar Maru, Dec. 8th.

Tokushima Maru, Dec. 9th.

Osaka Maru, Dec. 14th.

Aki Maru, Dec. 15th.

Kamakura Maru, Dec. 15th.

Hakozaki Maru, Dec. 16th.

Tango Maru, Dec. 20th.

Takaka Maru, Dec. 20th.

Hakusan Maru, Dec. 30th.

Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen.

Derfflinger, Dec. 19th.

Peninsular and Oriental.

Kashgar, Nov. 25th.

Mongolia, Nov. 25th.

Morca, Dec. 8th.

Kidderpore, Dec. 9th.

Kalyan, Dec. 12th.

Dravanha, Dec. 23rd.

Della, Dec. 31st.

Malwa, Jan. 8th.

Khyber, Jan. 20th.

VESSELS IN PORT.

The following were the vessels in

port yesterday:

British:—Szechuen, Bithina,

Agapenor, Jan. Sang, Khiri,

Borneo, Hanching, Hydrangea,

Yunnan, Gorgistan, Tallyho,

Kut Sang, Hop Sang, Telemachus,

Kuei Yang, Armistead, Hin Sang,

Sunatra, Taikoo.

American:—President Lincoln,

President Grant, Crisfield,

Norwegian:—Corona, Kronviken,

Panama:—Pavnee.

French:—Bourbon.

Japanese:—Inda Maru, Haru-

maru Maru, Nagano Maru, Menado

Maru, Taikwa Maru, Kisha Maru,

Kojun Maru.

Chinese:—Yan On, Shing Ming,

Suan Ann, Chung Kung, Hui Hui,

Hui Fao Sing, Tak Ning, Po,

Sang, Hwah Yang, Fook Hong,

Derwent, Ban Fao Soon, Poo Tye,

Lee Cheong, Gen. H. Hunt, Gen.

H. Koo, Man Kong.

Dutch:—Yulanus, Jan, Hankow,

Otto, Hong Kong.

Portuguese:—Kong On, King On,

Shing Cheong.



Cuticura Baths Comfort And Refresh The Skin

Cleanse and refresh your skin by bathing daily with Cuticura Soap. If there are any signs of pimples, redness or roughness follow with a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. Cuticura Talcum, smooth, cooling and fragrant, is the ideal toilet powder. Soap Ointment Talcum sold throughout the world. **BRITISH MADE**



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AND

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVI-

GATION CO., LTD.

FROM NEW YORK VIA MANILA.

CONSIGNEES per Co's Steamer

"AGAPENOR"

are hereby notified that the Cargo

will be discharged into Holt's Wharf,

Kowloon, where it will be at Con-

signees' risk and subject to Terms and

Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf.

The Cargo will be ready for Delivery from

Godown on and after 21st November.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here,

unless Notice has been given prior to

Steamer's arrival, but carried on from

port to port to the final port of call to

which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on any Tuesdays and

Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m.

and Noon, within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Steamer's Godown,

and all Goods remaining undelivered after

the 28th November, will be subject to

Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must

be presented to the Underwriter on or

before the 12th December, or they will

not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents.

21st November, 1927. [5540]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

AND

CHINA MUTUAL STEAM

NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FROM UNITED KINGDOM VIA

SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES per Co's Steamer

"EURYADES"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will

be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon,

where it will be at Consignees' risk and

subject to Terms and Conditions of

Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will

be ready for Delivery from Godown on

and after 22nd November.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here,

unless Notice has been given prior to

Steamer's arrival, but carried on from

port to port to the final port of call to

which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on any Tuesdays and

Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m.

and Noon, within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godown, and all

Goods remaining undelivered after the

28th November, will be subject to

Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI	"KWEIYANG"	On 24th Nov.	6 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 24th Nov.	8 a.m.
HAIPHONG	"CHINHA"	On 24th Nov.	Noon
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHO"	On 25th Nov.	4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 26th Nov.	6 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHU"	On 27th Nov.	6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & DALNY	"LUCHOW"	On 27th Nov.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 27th Nov.	Noon
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 28th Nov.	6 p.m.
HAIPHONG, PAKHOI & SINGAPORE	"LINAN"	On 2nd Dec.	Noon
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 3rd Dec.	8 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHO"	On 3rd Dec.	4 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 4th Dec.	6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & DALNY	"LIANGCHOW"	On 4th Dec.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KINGYUAN"	On 4th Dec.	Noon
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 5th Dec.	6 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 11th Dec.	6 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 11th Dec.	Noon

SALEEN PASSAGE RATES, HONG KONG TO SHANGHAI and vice versa, Have Now Been Reduced To
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STEAMERS	Due Home KORE or ABOUT	SAILING HOME OR ABOUT
CHANGTE	8th December	18th December
TAIPING	7th January	14th January
CHANGTE	7th February	14th February
TAIPING	8th March	15th March

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S.S. "PREMIER"	Via Suez Canal	26th November
S.S. "MACHAO"	Via Suez Canal	18th December
S.S. "CITY OF LAHORE"	Via Suez Canal	29th December

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M.V. "ASIATIC PRINCE" ... 5th December

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VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE
Never before was there anything like it, nor are its marvellous properties likely ever to be equalled in diseases arising from impure blood. It searches out and expels from the vital current every lurking trace of poisonous matter, during blood and skin diseases, scrofulous and glandular swellings, bad legs, abscesses, ulcers, eczema, gout, rheumatism, eczema, or Derbyshire Neck, etc. It improves the general health and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.
LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH.
VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD. For Nervous Breakdown and Chronic Weakness.
VETARZO REGULATORS. Safe and Reliable.
English Price 3s. (other remedy). The **VETARZO REMEDIES CO.**, General Oak, N.W.S., London, Eng. Unprincipled Dealers may try to sell you something else for extra profit—do not accept it. Insist on having **VETARZO**. The genuine has words "VETARZO REMEDIES" in Government Stamp. Sold by LEADING CHEMISTS.

Shipping News

Arrivals and Departures, etc.

ARRIVALS.	PASSENGERS.
November 19th. Borneo, British str., 1,207 tons, Capt. J. H. van den Berg, from Haiphong and Hoihow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C46—Shun Tai S.S. Co. Indo Maria, Japanese str., 3,553 tons, Capt. S. Takada, from Moji, which port she left on November 13th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf, O.S.K. November 20th. Chinkwa, British str., 1,353 tons, Capt. C. Harris Walker, from Shanghai and Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12—B. & S. Confucius, Chinese str., 1,589 tons, Capt. F. C. Novik, from Saigon, which port she left on Nov. 11th, with rice and general cargo, lying at buoy No. C41—Kung Chung S.S. Co. Fuk Tai, Chinese str., 1,016 tons, Capt. A. Buhre, from Swatow, in ballast, lying at Yau-mat—China Borneo S.S. Co. Kanchow, British str., 1,222 tons, Capt. C. E. Fisher, from Canton, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C16—B. & S. Mendo Maria, Japanese str., 2,155 tons, Capt. S. Ama, from Swatow, with 40 tons of general cargo, lying at O.S.K. Wharf—O.S.K. Snecher, German str., 4,882 tons, Capt. Theodor Metzenhain, from Foochow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A25—Jensen & Co. Taikwa Maria, Japanese str., 1,294 tons, Capt. S. Katayama, from Haiphong and Hoihow, with rice and general cargo, lying at buoy No. C44—O.S.K. Taiter No. 1, Chinese str., 1,470 tons, Capt. S. Kushnerinko, from Swatow, lying at Stonecutters—O. Bata & Co. November 21st. Anzan Maria, Japanese str., 2,337 tons, Capt. N. Karetsumo, from Dairen, which port she left on November 15th, with coal and general cargo, lying at buoy No. B30—M.B.K. Huiching, British schooner, 1,287 tons, Capt. W. T. Erwin, from Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at Douglas Wharf—Douglas, Laplaik & Co. Hong Peng, British str., 2,525 tons, Capt. D. M. Hood, from Hong Kong and Singapore. The latter port she left on November 15th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A10—Seng Soon Hong. Hwa Tai, Chinese str., 1,544 tons, Capt. P. Paoig, from Canton, lying at buoy No. B18—Shun Tai S.S. Co. Khiva, British str., 5,800 tons, Capt. R. H. Stringer, R.N.R., from London via Straits. She left London on October 12th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co. Kwang Sang, British str., 1,428 tons, Capt. A. D. Kelman, from Swatow, with 250 tons of general cargo, lying at West Point Wharf—Jardine, Matheson & Co. Lai Sang, British str., 2,225 tons, from Singapore, which port she left on November 14th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—Jardine, Matheson & Co. Michael Lehen, Danish str., 1,342 tons, Capt. P. E. Christensen, from Bangkok, which port she left on November 14th, with rice and general cargo, lying at buoy No. C19—Chin Seng Hong.	Arrivals. Per s.s. Africa, from Europe via ports, on November 21st:—Mrs. J. J. Carroll and children, Miss Flynn, Mrs. A. F. Daly, Mr. A. H. Barlow, Capt. and Mrs. Plunkett, Mrs. R. H. Brown, Mr. C. E. Gist, Mrs. M. H. Jones, Mr. R. Grieve, Miss M. Grant, Dr. and Mrs. G. Reynolds Turner and children, Miss A. Horne, Eng.-Cont. F. H. Jefferson, Mrs. I. M. Brace, and Miss Bruce, Mr. J. C. Joughin, Miss L. Joughin, Mr. R. R. Turner, Mr. C. N. Elderton, Mrs. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Gill, Miss Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Manley, Mr. and Mrs. W. Divens, Mrs. L. C. Hurst, Miss Holland, Mr. H. W. Steptoe, Mrs. G. M. Wilford, Mr. T. Gwynne, Mr. A. Carruthers, Mr. J. Barton, Mrs. H. Jowett, Mr. and Mrs. R. Warren, Mr. E. Goffe, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sangster, Mr. R. Tabern, Mr. C. M. Buhre, Mr. W. H. Webster, Mr. C. N. Kloss, Mr. J. L. Buhar, Mr. A. N. Birchall, Mr. F. Strahan, Mr. A. H. Mancel, Mr. P. Lerion, Mr. J. Stuart, Mr. T. Lalehnd, Mr. A. V. Pinson. Departures. Per s.s. Trier (N.D.L.), for Shanghai and the North, on November 20th:—Mr. G. Boedker, Mr. W. S. King, Mr. Hermann Ipsen, Miss Sedonova, Mr. Arnold Hermann Mangels, Mr. E. Tosenhans.

CLEARANCES.

November 21st.
Bithina, for Tarakan.
Chinkwa, for Amoy.
Chinkwa, for Canton.
Chung Kung, for Tourane.
Corona, for Canton.
Gorjatan, for Swatow.
Hwa Peng, for Swatow.
Hydrangea, for Swatow.
Indo Maria, for Singapore.
Kanchow, for Swatow.
Khiva, for Shanghai.
Kijun Maria, for Taingao.
Kishu Maria, for Swatow.
Kwang Sang, for Canton.
Nagaya Maria, for Moji.
President Lincoln, for Shanghai.
Titan, for Singapore.
Snecher, for Manila.
Taiter No. 1, for Paracel Island.
Tak Hing, for Macao.

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Monthly sailings direct to HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, DUNKIRK—
S.S. "SI-KIANG" ... 4th December.

S.S. "MIN" due to arrive from DUNKIRK, LONDON, HAVRE about the 22nd November.

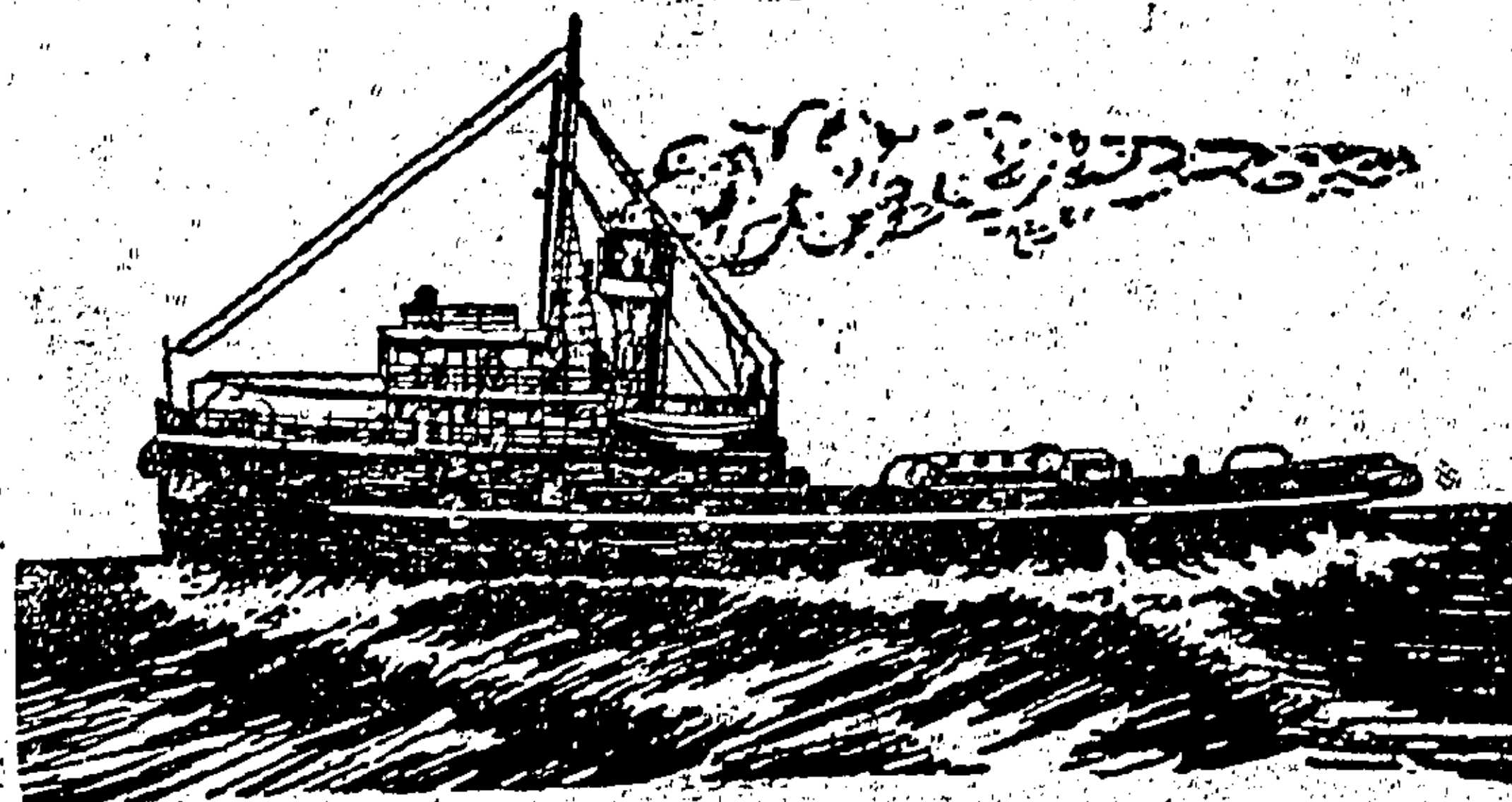
SERVICES CONTRACTUELS (Mail Service)

Steamers	Sailings from Marseilles	Arr. at Hong Kong & Sailings for Shanghai and Japan	Sailings from Hong Kong for Marseilles
SPHINX	...	...	22nd Nov.
PORTHOS	...	...	8th Dec.
PAUL LECAT	21st Oct.	23rd Nov.	20th Dec.
ANDRE LEBON	4th Nov.	7th Dec.	3rd Jan., 1928.
CHRONOCERX	18th Nov.	21st Dec.	17th Jan., "
ANGERS	2nd Dec.	4th Jan.	31st Jan., "

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSEILLES (including Table Wine).
A CLASS 1st Class... 2 99, 0d. 0d. | B CLASS 1st Class... 2 85, 0d. 0d.
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R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.L.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hong Kong.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KWAISANG" "KWONGSANG" "HANGSANG" "YATSHING"	Wed., 23rd Nov., at 7 a.m. Sun., 27th Nov., at 7 a.m. Wed., 30th Nov., at 7 a.m. Sun., 4th Dec., at 7 a.m.
TIENTSIN via WEIHAIWEI & CHEFOO	"CHIPSING"	Wed., 30th Nov., at 5 p.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, SHANGHAI & KOBE	"LAISANG"	Thurs., 24th Nov., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"HOSANG"	Satur., 3rd Dec., at 7 a.m.
CANTON	"KWONGSANG" "HANGSANG"	Tues., 22nd Nov., at 4 a.m. Thurs., 24th Nov., at 6 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"KUTSANG"	Thurs., 1st Dec., at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "MAUSANG"	Wed., 23rd Nov., at 3 p.m. Wed., 30th Nov., at 3 p.m.

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Motor Vessel "GLENARA"	(via Oran)	30th November
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	(via Oran)	23rd December
Steamship "GLENIFFER"	(via Oran)	25th January, 1928
Steamship "GLEN SANDA"	(via Oran)	22nd February, "

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Steamship "FEMERKESHIRE"	...	29th November
Steamship "GLENIFFER"	...	8th December
Motor Vessel "GLEN OGLE"	...	22nd December
Steamship "GLEN SANDA"	...	12th January, 1928
Motor Vessel "GLEN AMOY"	...	22nd January, "

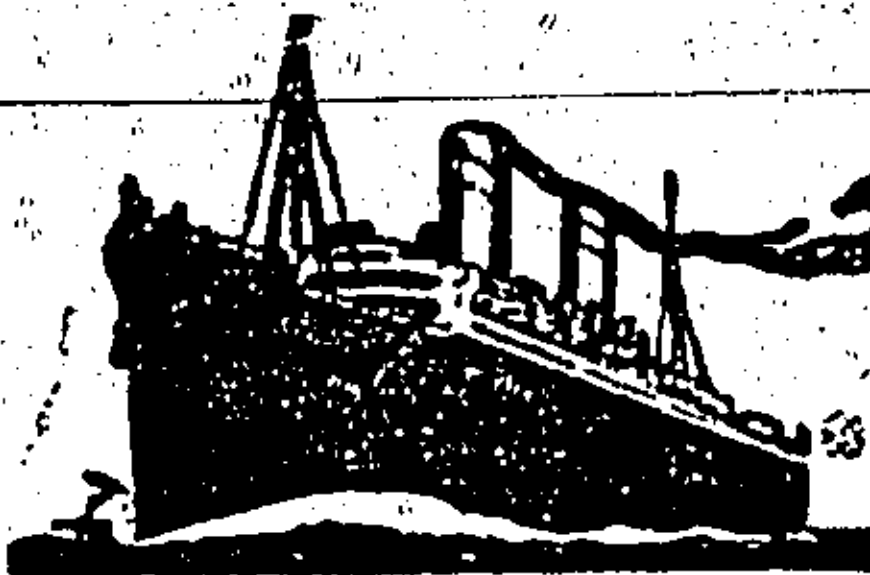
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S.S. "TRIER" ...	...	17th Dec., "
S.S. "DERFFLINGER" ...	19th Dec., 1927.	14th Jan., 1928.

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(Occupying 8 to 9 Days)

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HAIPHONG	...	Friday, the 25th November, at 1 p.m.
HAIPHONG	...	Tuesday, the 29th November, at 2 p.m.

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